

Operation & Safety Manual

Original Instructions Keep this manual with machine at all times.

Models 642, 742, 943, 1043, 1055, 1255

31211031

January 31, 2019 - Rev G





Operating, servicing and maintaining this vehicle or equipment can expose you to chemicals including engine exhaust, carbon monoxide, phthalates, and lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. To minimize exposure, avoid breathing exhaust, do not idle the engine except as necessary, service your vehicle or equipment in a well-ventilated area and wear gloves or wash your hands frequently when servicing. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

REVISION LOG

April 17, 2015 - A - Original Issue of Manual

August 31, 2015 - B - Revised cover and pages d, 2-1, 2-4 thru 2-13, 2-16, 3-3, 3-5, 3-8, 3-11, 3-16, 3-17, 4-5, 4-7, 5-2, 5-3, 5-37, 5-39, 5-40, 5-43, 7-6, 7-8 thru 7-13, 7-15, 7-16, 7-19, 7-23, 9-1 thru 9-6 & 9-8 thru 9-12.

November 18, 2016 - C - Revised covers and pages c, 1-1, 1-4, 2-4 thru 2-16, 2-19,3-4, 3-5, 3-6, 3-10, 3-11, 3-14, 3-18, 3-19, 3-20, 3-25 thru 3-58, 4-6, 4-7, 4-15, 5-2, 5-3, 5-12, 5-50, 5-51, 5-52, 6-1, 6-2, 6-3, 7-3 thru 7-13, 7-18, 7-20 thru 7-25, 7-27, 7-29, 7-30, 7-31, 8-1, 9-1 thru 9-5, 9-9 thru 9-13.

January 9, 2017 - D - Revised page 1-1.

April 18, 2017 - E - Revised covers and pages d, 1-1, 1-2, 1-4, 2-5 thru 2-7, 2-10, 2-12, 3-5, 3-28, 4-4 thru 4-6, 5-2, 5-3, 5-48, 7-3 thru 7-5, 7-7, 7-8, 7-10, 7-12, 7-18, 9-2, 9-4 thru 9-6, 9-8, 9-9 & 9-11 thru 9-13.

June 29, 2018 - F - Revised Covers, Prop 65

January 31, 2019 - G - Revised pages 2-4 thru 2-9, 2-11 thru 2-14, 2-16, 2-17, 3-2 thru 3-4, 3-12, 3-13, 4-15, 5-1, 5-4 thru 5-9, 5-28 thru 5-30, 5-56, 5-57, 6-1, 6-4, 7-5, 7-11, 7-13, 7-22, 7-24, 8-2, 9-1 thru 9-3, 9-5, 9-6, 9-8 & 9-12 thru 9-14.

This manual is a very important tool! Keep it with the machine at all times.

The purpose of this manual is to provide owners, users, operators, lessors, and lessees with the precautions and operating procedures essential for the safe and proper machine operation for its intended purpose.

Due to continuous product improvements, JLG Industries, Inc. reserves the right to make specification changes without prior notification. Contact JLG Industries, Inc. for updated information.

Operator Qualifications

The operator of the machine must not operate the machine until this manual has been read, training is accomplished and operation of the machine has been completed under the supervision of an experienced and qualified operator. Operation within the U.S.A. requires training per OSHA 1910.178.

Operators of this equipment must possess a valid, applicable driver's license, be in good physical and mental condition, have normal reflexes and reaction time, good vision and depth perception and normal hearing. Operator must not be using medication which could impair abilities nor be under the influence of alcohol or any other intoxicant during the work shift.

In addition, the operator must read, understand and comply with instructions contained in the following material furnished with the material handler:

- This Operation & Safety Manual
- Telehandler Safety Manual (ANSI only)
- · All instructional decals and plates
- Any optional equipment instructions furnished

The operator must also read, understand and comply with all applicable Employer, Industry and Governmental rules, standards and regulations.

Modifications

Modifications to this machine may affect compliance with Industry Standards and/or Governmental Regulations. Any modification must be approved by JLG.

This product must comply with all safety related bulletins. Contact JLG Industries, Inc. or the local authorized JLG representative for information regarding safety-related bulletins which may have been issued for this product.

JLG Industries, Inc. sends safety related bulletins to the owner of record of this machine. Contact JLG Industries, Inc. to ensure that the current owner records are updated and accurate.

JLG Industries, Inc. must be notified immediately in all instances where JLG products have been involved in an accident involving bodily injury or death of personnel or when damage has occurred to personal property or the JLG product.

FOR:

- Accident Reporting and Product Safety Publications
- Current Owner Updates
- Questions Regarding Product Applications and Safety
- Standards and Regulations Compliance Information
- Questions Regarding Product Modifications

CONTACT:

Product Safety and Reliability Department JLG Industries, Inc. 13224 Fountainhead Plaza Hagerstown, MD 21742 USA

or Your Local JLG Office

In USA:

Toll Free: 1-877-JLG-SAFE (1-877-554-7233)

Outside USA:

Phone: +1-717-485-6591

E-mail:

ProductSafety@JLG.com

Other Publications Available

Service Manual	
Parts Manual	
642, 742, 943 & 1043	
1055 & 1255	

Note: The following standards may be referenced in this manual: ANSI is compliant to ANSI/ITSDF B56.6 AUS is compliant to AS 1418.19 CE is compliant to EN1459 Refer to the machine Serial Number Plate to identify the applicable compliance standard.

Machine Configuration

Two configurations of each machine are included in this manual. Determine if machine is equipped with Ultra Low Sulfur Fuel Decal (1) as indicated below.

- If equipped with Ultra Low Sulfur decal, all specific references to this machine configuration will be referred to as Ultra Low Sulfur (**ULS**) from this point forward.
- If **not** equipped with Ultra Low Sulfur decal, all specific references to this machine configuration will be referred to as Low Sulfur (**LS**) from this point forward.

Maximum engine power can be found on the decal (2) located on the side of the radiator.

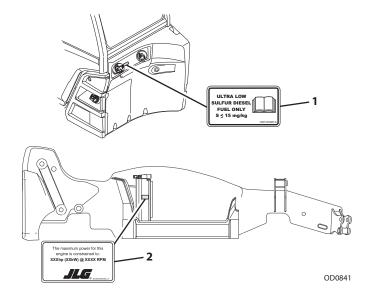


TABLE OF CONTENTS

Revision Log

Read This First

Operator Qualifications	b
Modifications	b
Other Publications Available	d
Machine Configuration	d

Table of Contents

Section 1 - General Safety Practices

1.1	Hazard Classification System	1-1
	Safety Alert System and Safety Signal Words	1-1
1.2	General Precautions	1-1
1.3	Operation Safety	1-2
	Electrical Hazards	1-2
	Tip Over Hazard	1-4
	Travel Hazard	1-7
	Load Falling Hazard	
	Lifting Personnel	1-9
	Driving Hazards on Slopes	1-10
	Pinch Points and Crush Hazards	1-11
	Fall Hazard	1-13
	Chemical Hazards	1-14
1.4	ClearSky (if equipped)	1-15
	Federal Communications Commission (FCC)	
	Information for Users	1-15
Section 2 -	Pre-Operation and Inspection	

2.1	Preparation, Inspection and Maintenance	2-1
2.2	Pre-Operation Check and Inspection	2-2
2.3	Safety Decals	2-4
	ANSI (if equipped)	2-4
	ISO (if equipped)	
2.4	Walk-Around Inspection	
2.5	Warm-Up and Operational Checks	
	Warm-Up Check	
	Operational Check	
2.6	Cab	
2.7	Enclosed Cab Windows (if equipped)	
	Cab Door Window	
	Rear Window	

Table of Contents

Section 3 -	Controls and Indicators	
3.1	General	3-1
3.2	Controls	3-2
	Instrument Panel	3-4
	LCD Display	
	Left Dash Control Panel	
	Right Dash Control Panel	
	Ignition	
	Park Brake	
	Parking Procedure	
	Transmission Control Lever	
	Accessory Control Lever (if equipped)	3-18
	Outrigger Levers (if equipped)	3-19
	Joystick	
3.3	Anti Theft Functionality (if enabled)	
	Instrument Panel Input	
	Multifunction Display Input	
3.4	Steer Modes	
	Manual Steering Alignment Mode Change	
3.5	Operator Seat	
	Adjustments	
	Seat Belt	
3.6	Boom Angle and Extension Indicators	
3.7	Reverse Systems (if equipped)	
	Reverse Sensing System	
	Reversing Camera	
3.8	Rear Axle Stabilization (RAS) System	
	Free Pivot Mode	
	Slow Pivot Mode	
	Locked Mode	
3.9	Multifunction Display (if equipped)	
	General Information	
	Multifunction Display and Buttons	
	Home Screen	
	Main Menu	
	Operation and Maintenance	
	Troubleshooting	

Section 4 - Operation

4	1 Engine	4-1
	Starting the Engine	4-1
	Extreme Cold Weather Starting (if equipped)	4-2
	Battery Boosted Starting	
	Normal Engine Operation	
	Shut-Down Procedure	
4	2 After-Treatment System (ATS)	
	(if equipped for ULS/110 OR 130HP)	4-6
	Automatic Exhaust System Cleaning (In-Mission)	
	Stationary Exhaust System Cleaning (Non-Mission)	4-7
4	3 Operating with a Non-Suspended Load	
	Lift Load Safely	4-8
	Picking Up a Load	4-8
	Transporting a Load	4-9
	Leveling Procedure	4-9
	Placing a Load	
	Disengaging a Load	4-10
4	4 Operating with a Suspended Load	4-11
	Lift Load Safely	4-11
	Picking Up a Suspended Load	4-11
	Transporting a Suspended Load	4-12
	Leveling Procedure	
	Placing a Suspended Load	
	Disengaging a Suspended Load	4-13
4	5 Loading and Securing for Transport	4-14
	Tie Down	4-14
	Lifting	4-15
Section 5	5 - Attachments	
5	1 Approved Attachments	5-1
	Coupler Mounted Attachments	5-1
	JLG Supplied Fork Mounted Attachments	5-1
	Non-OEM Fork Mounted Attachments	5-1
5	2 Unapproved Attachments	5-2
5	3 Fork Mounted Attachments	5-4
	General Requirements	5-4
	Non-OEM Attachments	5-5
5	4 Equivalent Load	5-6
	Load Centers Beyond 24 Inches	
	Fork Mounted Attachments Equivalent Load	5-7
5	5 JLG Supplied Attachments	5-8
5	6 Telehandler/Attachment/Fork Capacity	5-10

Table of Contents

5.7	Use of the Capacity Chart	
	Capacity Indicator Locations	
	Sample Capacity Chart	
	Example	
5.8	Attachment Installation	
	Coupler	
	Auxiliary Hydraulic Decompression	
5.9	Adjusting/Moving Forks	
5.10	Attachment Operation	
	Carriage with Forks	
	Side Shift Carriage	
	Side Tilt Carriage	
	Swing Carriage	
	Drywall Swing Carriage	
	Dual Fork Positioning Carriage	
	Mast Carriage	
	Side Tilt Mast Carriage	
	Pipe Grapple	
	Fork Extension	
	Bucket	
	Grapple Bucket	
	Bucket - Fork Mounted	
	Trash Hopper - Fork Mounted	
	Coupler Mounted Hook	5-50
	Fork Mounted Hook	
	Truss Boom	
	Adjustable Truss Boom	
	Material Handling Arm	
	Personnel Work Platform - Fork Mounted	
	Sweeper	
	Boom Mounted Lifting Lug	5-64

Section 6 - Emergency Procedures

6.1	Towing a Disabled Product	6-1
	Moving Short Distances	6-1
	Moving Longer Distance	6-1
6.2	Emergency Lowering of Boom	6-2
6.3	Emergency Exit from Enclosed Cab	6-3
	Inside Cab	6-3
	Outside Cab (if equipped)	6-4

Section 7 - Lubrication and Maintenance

	7.1	Introduction	7-1
		Clothing and Safety Gear	7-1
	7.2	General Maintenance Instructions	
	7.3	Maintenance Schedules	7-3
		Every 10 Hours	7-3
		First 50 Hours	7-3
		Every 50 Hours	7-4
		First 250 Hours	
		Every 250 Hours	
		First 500 Hours	
		Every 500 Hours	
		Every 750 Hours	
		Every 1000 Hours	
		Every 1500 Hours	
		Every 2000 Hours	
		Every 4000 Hours	
		Every 5000 Hours	7-7
	7.4	Lubrication Schedules	7-8
		Every 50 Hours	7-8
		Every 250 Hours	7-10
		Every 1000 Hours	7-12
	7.5	Operator Maintenance Instructions	7-14
		Engine Maintenance Components	7-14
		Fuel System	
		Emission System (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP)	7-18
		Engine Oil	
		Air Intake System	
		Tires	7-22
		Transmission Oil	7-24
		Hydraulic Oil	
		Brake Fluid	7-27
		Engine Cooling System	7-28
		Windshield Washer System (if equipped)	7-29
		Cab Air Filters (if equipped)	7-30
Section	1 8 - <i>I</i>	Additional Checks	
		General	8-1

erse Sensing System (if equipped)٤	3-1
ihutoff Valve (ASOV) (if equipped)	3-2
	eral٤ erse Sensing System (if equipped)٤ Shutoff Valve (ASOV) (if equipped)٤

Table of Contents

Section 9 - Specifications

9.1	Product Specifications	
	Fluids	9-1
	Capacities	
	Tires	
	Performance	
	Dimensions	

Index

Inspection, Maintenance and Repair Log

SECTION 1 - GENERAL SAFETY PRACTICES

1.1 HAZARD CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

Safety Alert System and Safety Signal Words

A DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION indicates a potentiality hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

1.2 GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

A WARNING

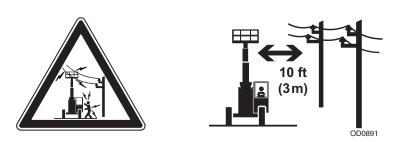
Before operation, read and understand this manual. Failure to comply with the safety precautions listed in this manual could result in machine damage, property damage, personal injury or death.

- Hydraulic cylinders are subject to thermal expansion and contraction. This may result in changes to the boom and/or attachment position while the machine is stationary. Factors affecting thermal movement can include the length of time machine is stationary, hydraulic oil temperature, ambient air temperature and boom and/or attachment position.
- Precautions to avoid all hazards in the work area must be taken by the user before and during operation of the machine.

1.3 OPERATION SAFETY

Note: The manufacturer has no direct control over machine application and operation. Therefore, safety issues listed in this manual are non-exhaustive. The user and operator are responsible for conforming with good safety practices.

Electrical Hazards



- This machine is not insulated and does not provide protection from contact or being near electrical current.
- Always check for power lines before raising the boom.
- Maintain distance from electrical lines, apparatus, or any energized (exposed or insulated) parts according to the Minimum Approach Distance (MAD).

Voltage Range (Phase to Phase)	Minimum Approach Distance (MAD)
0 to 50 KV	10 ft (3 m)
Over 50KV to 200 KV	15 ft (5 m)
Over 200 KV to 350 KV	20 ft (6 m)
Over 350 KV to 500 KV	25 ft (8 m)
Over 500 KV to 750 KV	35 ft (11 m)
Over 750 KV to 1000 KV	45 ft (14 m)

Note: This requirement shall apply except where employer, local or governmental regulations are more stringent.

- Allow for machine movement and electrical line swaying.
- Maintain a clearance of at least 10 ft (3m) between any part of the machine and its occupants, their tools and their equipment from any electrical line or apparatus carrying up to 50,000 volts. One foot additional clearance is required for every additional 30,000 volts or less.

Section 1- General Safety Practices

The minimum approach distance may be reduced if insulating barriers are installed to
prevent contact, and the barriers are rated for the voltage of the line being guarded.
These barriers shall not be part of (or attached to) the machine. The minimum
approach distance shall be reduced to a distance within the designed working
dimensions of the insulating barrier. This determination shall be made by a qualified
person in accordance with the employer, local, or governmental requirements for
work practices near energized equipment.

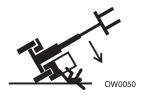
A DANGER

Do not maneuver machine or personnel inside prohibited zone (MAD). Assume all electrical parts and wiring are energized unless known otherwise.

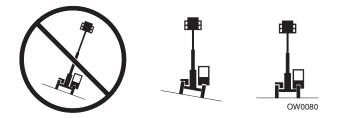
Tip Over Hazard

General

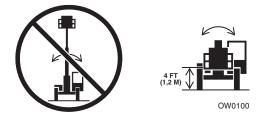
• For additional load requirements, refer to the appropriate capacity chart.



- Never use an attachment without the appropriate original equipment manufacturer (OEM) approved capacity chart installed on the telehandler.
- Understand how to properly use the capacity charts located in cab.
- DO NOT exceed rated lift capacity.
- Be sure that the ground conditions are able to support the machine.
- Be aware of wind conditions. Wind may cause load swing and dangerous side loads.
- Keep the machine a minimum of 2 ft (0,6 m) from holes, drop-offs, obstructions, debris, concealed holes and other potential hazards at ground level.



• **DO NOT** raise boom unless frame is level (0 degrees), unless otherwise noted on capacity chart.



 DO NOT level machine with boom/attachment above 4 ft (1,2 m). (AUS - DO NOT level machine with load more than 11.8 in (300 mm) above ground surface.)



- MAINTAIN proper tire pressure at all times. If proper tire pressures are not maintained, this machine could tip over.
- Refer to manufacturer's specifications for proper fill ratio and pressure requirements for tires equipped with ballast.



- Always wear seat belt.
- Keep head, arms, hands, legs and all other body parts inside operator's cab at all times.



If telehandler starts to tip over:

- DO NOT JUMP
- BRACE YOURSELF and STAY WITH THE MACHINE
- KEEP YOUR SEAT BELT FASTENED
- HOLD ON FIRMLY
- LEAN AWAY FROM THE POINT OF IMPACT

Non-Suspended Load

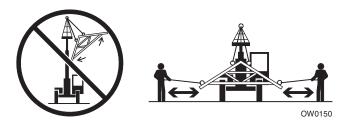




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• **DO NOT** drive with boom raised.

Suspended Load

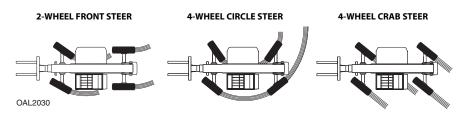


- Tether suspended loads to restrict movement.
- Weight of all rigging (slings, etc.) must be included as part of load.
- DO NOT attempt to use telehandler frame-leveling to compensate for load swing.
- Keep heavy part of load closest to attachment.
- Never drag the load; lift vertically.

When driving with a suspended load:

- Start, travel, turn and stop slowly to prevent load from swinging.
- DO NOT extend boom.
- **DO NOT** raise the load more than 300 mm (11.8 in) above ground surface or the boom more than 45°.
- DO NOT exceed walking speed.

Travel Hazard



- Steering characteristics differ between steer modes. Identify the steer mode settings of the telehandler being operated.
- **DO NOT** change steer modes while traveling. Steer modes must be changed while telehandler is stationary.
- Visually verify proper wheel alignment after each steer mode change.
- Ensure that adequate clearance is provided for both rear tail swing and front fork swing.
- Look out for and avoid other personnel, machinery and vehicles in the area. Use a spotter if you DO NOT have a clear view.
- Before moving be sure of a clear path and sound horn.
- When driving, retract boom and keep boom/attachment as low as possible while maintaining visibility of mirrors and maximum visibility of path of travel.
- Always look in the direction of travel.
- Always check boom clearances carefully before driving underneath overhead obstructions. Position attachment/load to clear obstacles.
- When driving in high speed, use only front wheel steer (if steering modes are selectable).
- Telehandlers equipped with solid or foam filled tires should not be used in applications requiring excessive roading or driving extended distances. In the event an application requires excessive roading or driving expanded distances, it is recommended to use telehandlers not equipped with solid or foam filled tires.

Section 1- General Safety Practices

Load Falling Hazard



- Never suspend load from forks or other parts of carriage weldment. Use only approved lift points.
- **DO NOT** burn or drill holes in fork(s).
- Forks must be centered under load and spaced apart as far as possible.

Lifting Personnel

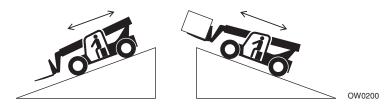


• When lifting personnel, **USE ONLY** an approved personnel work platform, with proper capacity chart displayed in the cab.



• **DO NOT** drive machine from cab when personnel are in platform.

Driving Hazards on Slopes



To maintain sufficient traction and braking capabilities, travel on slopes as follows:

- When unloaded, drive with forks pointed downhill.
- When loaded, drive with the forks pointed uphill.
- For additional travel requirements, refer to the appropriate capacity chart.
- To avoid overspeeding the engine and drivetrain when driving down slopes, downshift to a lower gear and use the service brake as necessary to maintain a slow speed. **DO NOT shift into neutral and coast downhill**.
- Avoid excessively steep slopes or unstable surfaces. To avoid tip over DO NOT drive across excessively steep slopes under *any* circumstances.
- Avoid turning on a slope. Never engage "inching" or shift to "Neutral" when going downhill.
- DO NOT park on a slope.

Pinch Points and Crush Hazards

Stay clear of pinch points and rotating parts on the telehandler.



• Stay clear of moving parts while engine is running.



• Keep clear of steering tires and frame or other objects.



• Keep clear from under boom.



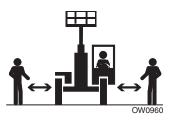
• Keep clear of boom holes.



• Keep arms and hands clear of attachment tilt cylinder.



• Keep hands and fingers clear of carriage and forks.



• Keep others away while operating.

Fall Hazard



- Enter using the proper hand holds and steps provided. Always maintain 3-point contact when mounting or dismounting. Never grab control levers or steering wheel when mounting or dismounting the machine.
- **DO NOT** get off the machine until the shutdown procedure on page 4-5 has been performed.



• DO NOT carry riders. Riders could fall off machine causing death or serious injury.

Chemical Hazards

Exhaust Fumes

- **DO NOT** operate machine in an enclosed area without proper ventilation.
- **DO NOT** operate the machine in hazardous environments unless approved for that purpose by JLG and site owner. Sparks from the electrical system and the engine exhaust can cause an explosion.

Flammable Fuel



• **DO NOT** fill the fuel tank or service the fuel system near an open flame, sparks or smoking materials. Engine fuel is flammable and can cause a fire and/or explosion.

Hydraulic Fluid



- **DO NOT** attempt to repair or tighten any hydraulic hoses or fittings while the engine is running or when the hydraulic system is under pressure.
- Stop engine and relieve trapped pressure. Fluid in the hydraulic system is under enough pressure that it can penetrate the skin.
- **DO NOT** use your hand to check for leaks. Use a piece of cardboard or paper to search for leaks. Wear gloves to protect hands from spraying fluid.

1.4 CLEARSKY (IF EQUIPPED)

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Information for Users

FCC Statement Regarding Interference

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Section 1- General Safety Practices

Notice Regarding Radio Frequency Radiation Exposure

Do not operate your unit when a person is within eight inches (20 centimeters) of the antenna. A person or object within eight inches (20 centimeters) of the antenna could impair call quality and may cause the unit to operate at a higher power level than necessary, as well as expose that person to RF energy in excess of that established by the FCC RF Exposure Guidelines.

Important: The unit must be installed in a manner that provides a minimum separation distance of eight inches (20 centimeters) or more between the antenna and persons and just not be co-located or operate in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter in order to satisfy FCC RF exposure requirements for mobile transmitting devices.

Important: To comply with the FCC RF exposure limits and to satisfy the categorical exclusion requirements for mobile transmitters, the requirements described in the following section, "Antenna Installation", must be met.

Antenna Installation

A minimum separation distance of eight inches (20 centimeters) must be maintained between the antenna and all persons.

The combined cable loss and antenna gain must not exceed +7.5 dBi (850 band). The combined cable loss and antenna gain must not exceed +2.5 dBi and total system output must not exceed 2.0W EIRP in the PCS (1900) band in order to comply with the EIRP limit of 24.232 (b). OEM installers must be provided with antenna installation instruction and transmitter operating conditions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

SECTION 2 - PRE-OPERATION AND INSPECTION

2.1 PREPARATION, INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

The following table covers the periodic machine inspections and maintenance required. Consult local regulations for further requirements for telehandlers. The frequency of inspections and maintenance must be increased as necessary when the machine is used in a harsh or hostile environment, if the machine is used with increased frequency, or if the machine is used in a severe manner.

Inspection and Maintenance				
Туре	Frequency	Primary Responsibility	Service Qualification	Reference
Pre-Operation Inspection	Beginning of each work shift or at each change of operator.	User or Operator	User or Operator	Operation & Safety Manual
Pre-Delivery Inspection (see note)	Before each sale, lease or rental delivery.	Owner, Dealer or User	Qualified Mechanic	Service Manual and applicable Inspection form.
Preventative Maintenance	At intervals as specified in the Service Manual and/ or the Maintenance Charts located on the machine.	Owner, Dealer or User	Qualified Mechanic	Service Manual and Maintenance Charts

Note: Inspection forms are available.

2.2 PRE-OPERATION CHECK AND INSPECTION

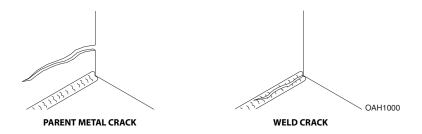
Note: Complete all required maintenance before operating unit.



FALL HAZARD. Use extreme caution when checking items beyond your normal reach. Use an approved ladder.

The pre-operation check and inspection, performed at beginning of each work shift or at each change of operator, should include the following:

- 1. **Cleanliness** Check all surfaces for leakage (oil, fuel or battery fluid) or foreign objects. Report any leakage to the proper maintenance personnel.
- 2. **Structure** Inspect the machine structure for dents, damage, weld or parent metal cracks or other discrepancies.



- 3. **Safety Decals** Ensure all safety decals are legible and in place. Clean or replace as required. See page 2-3 for details.
- 4. **Operation and Safety Manuals** Operation & Safety Manual and AEM Safety Manual (ANSI only) located in cab manual holder.
- 5. Walk-Around Inspection See page 2-15 for details.
- 6. Fluid Levels Check fluids, including fuel, diesel exhaust fluid (DEF), hydraulic oil, engine oil and coolant. When adding fluids, refer to Section 7- Lubrication and Maintenance and Section 9- Specifications to determine proper type and intervals. Before removing filler caps or fill plugs, wipe all dirt and grease away from the ports. If dirt enters these ports, it can severely reduce component life.
- Attachments/Accessories Ensure correct capacity charts are installed on telehandler. If provided, reference Operation & Safety Manual of each attachment or accessory installed for specific inspection, operation and maintenance instructions.

8. **Operational Check** - Once the walk-around inspection is complete, perform a warmup and operational check (see page 2-19) of all systems in an area free of overhead and ground level obstructions. See Section 3- Controls and Indicators for more specific operating instructions.

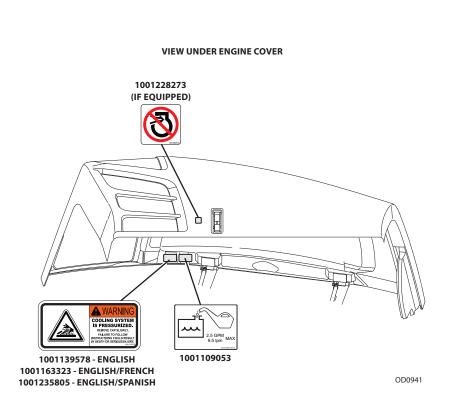
A WARNING

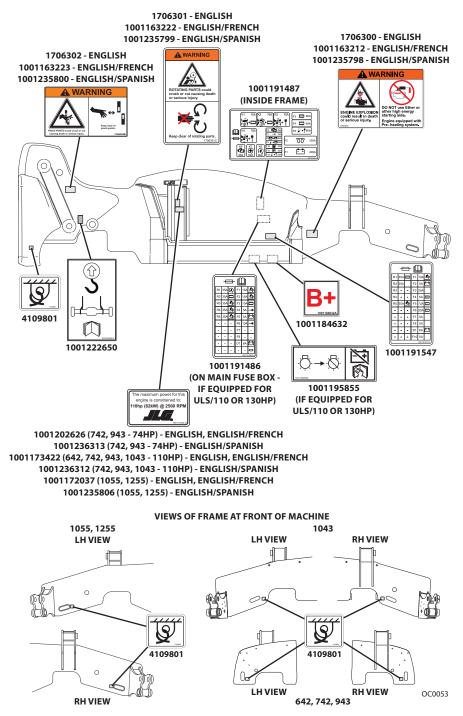
If telehandler does not operate properly, immediately bring machine to a stop, lower boom and attachment to ground and stop the engine. Determine cause and correct before continued use.

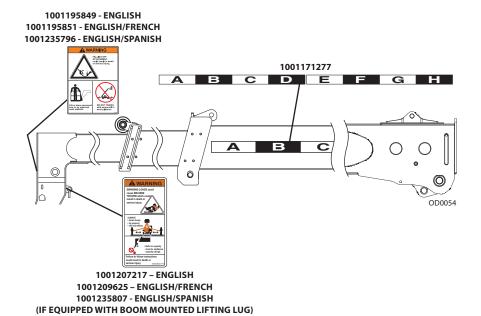
2.3 SAFETY DECALS

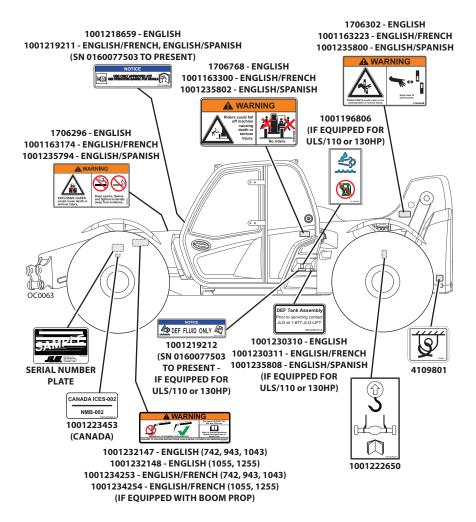
Ensure all **DANGER**, **WARNING**, **CAUTION** and instructional decals and proper capacity charts are legible and in place. Clean and replace as required.

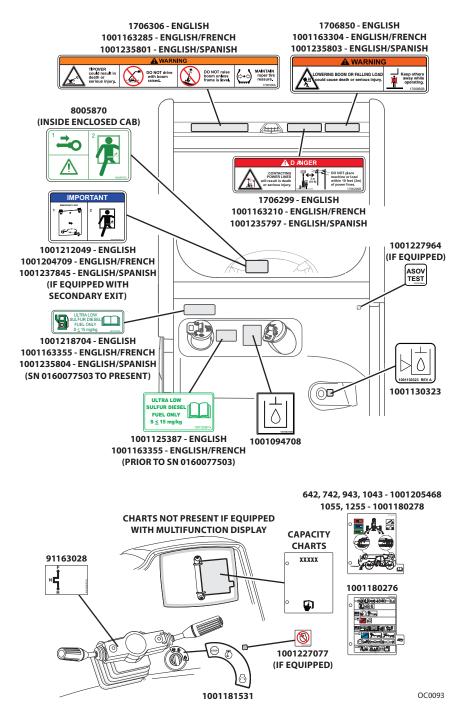
ANSI (if equipped)

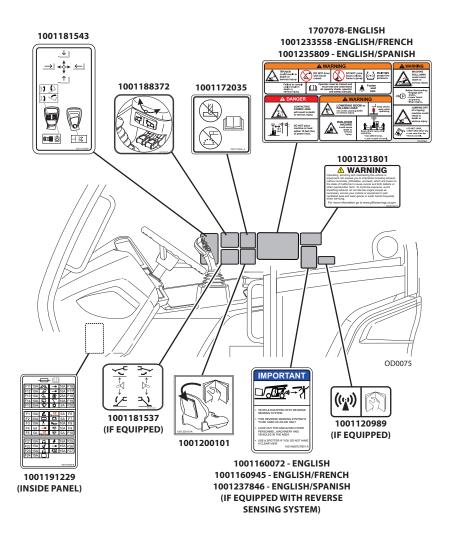




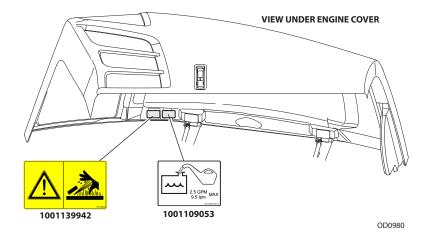


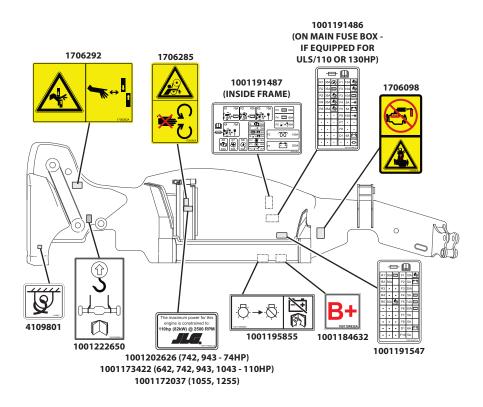


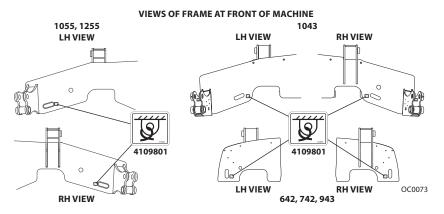


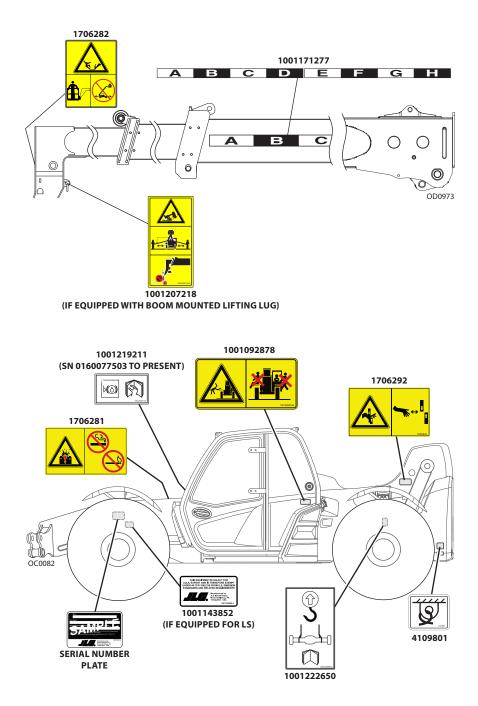


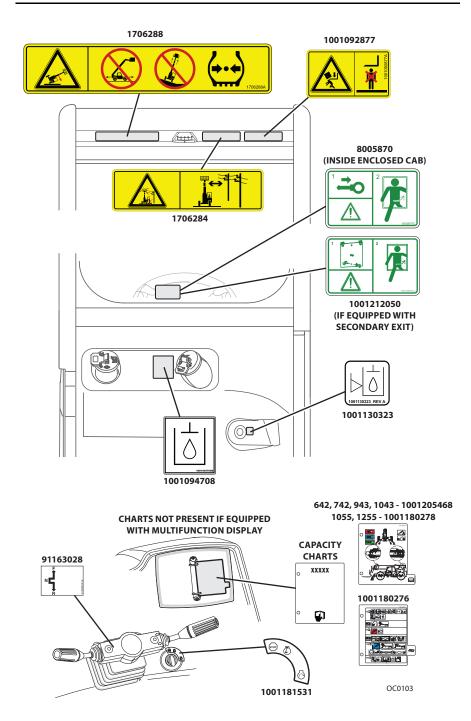
ISO (if equipped)

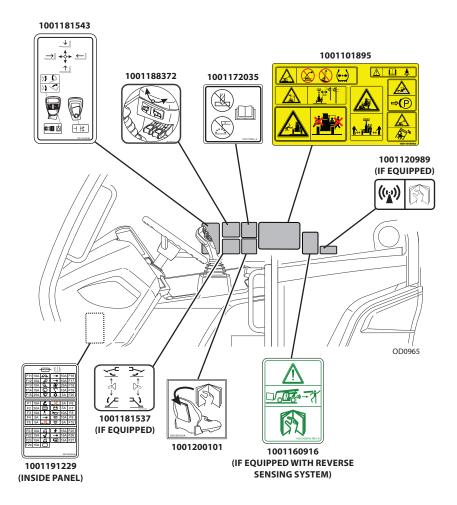






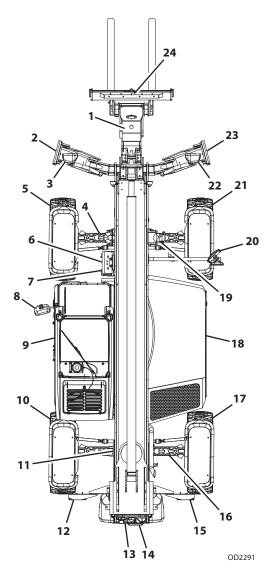






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2.4 WALK-AROUND INSPECTION



Begin your walk-around inspection at item 1, as noted below. Continue to your right (counterclockwise when viewed from top) checking each item in sequence.

INSPECTION NOTE: On all components, make sure there are no loose or missing parts, that they are securely fastened and no visible leaks or excessive wear exists in addition to any other criteria mentioned. Inspect all structural members including attachment for cracks, excessive corrosion and other damage.

- 1. Boom Sections and Lift, Tilt, Extend/Retract, Compensating Cylinders -
 - Check front, top, side and rear wear pads for presence of grease.
 - Pivot pins secure; hydraulic hoses undamaged, not leaking.
- Left Outrigger (if equipped) Pins secure; hydraulic hoses and cylinder undamaged, not leaking.
- 3. Front Lights (if equipped) Clean and undamaged.
- Front Axle Steer cylinders undamaged, not leaking; pivot pins secure; hydraulic hoses undamaged, not leaking.
- 5. Wheel/Tire Assembly Properly inflated and secured; no loose or missing lug nuts. Inspect for worn tread, cuts, tears or other discrepancies.
- 6. Boom Prop (if equipped) See inspection note.
- 7. Wheel Chock (if equipped) See inspection note.
- 8. Mirrors Clean and undamaged.
- 9. Cab and Electrical -
 - General appearance; no visible damage
 - Frame level indicator(s) and window glass undamaged and clean
 - Gauges, switches, joystick, foot controls and horn operational
 - Check seat belt for damage, replace belt if frayed or cut webbing, damaged buckles or loose mounting hardware
- **10.** *Wheel/Tire Assembly* Properly inflated and secured; no loose or missing lug nuts. Inspect for worn tread, cuts, tears or other discrepancies.
- 11. Rear Axle Stabilizer Cylinder Pins secure; hydraulic hoses undamaged, not leaking.
- 12. Rear Lights (if equipped) Clean and undamaged.
- 13. Reversing Camera (if equipped) See inspection note.
- 14. Reversing System (if equipped) See inspection note.
- 15. Rear Lights (if equipped) Clean and undamaged.
- **16.** *Wheel/Tire Assembly* Properly inflated and secured; no loose or missing lug nuts. Inspect for worn tread, cuts, tears or other discrepancies.
- 17. *Rear Axle* Steer cylinders undamaged, not leaking; pivot pins secure; hydraulic hoses undamaged, not leaking.

18. Engine Compartment -

- Drive belts, check condition and replace as required.
- Engine mounts See inspection note.
- Power Distribution Plate No damage or corrosion on connections or wiring.
- Engine cover properly secured.
- Air Shutoff Valve (ASOV) (if equipped) See inspection note.

- Frame Level Cylinder Pins secure; hydraulic hoses undamaged, not leaking.
- 20. Mirrors Clean and undamaged.
- **21.** *Wheel/Tire Assembly* Properly inflated and secured; no loose or missing lug nuts. Inspect for worn tread, cuts, tears or other discrepancies.
- 22. Front Lights (if equipped) Clean and undamaged.
- **23.** *Right Outrigger (if equipped)* Pins secure; hydraulic hoses and cylinder undamaged, not leaking.
- 24. Attachment Properly installed, see "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

2.5 WARM-UP AND OPERATIONAL CHECKS

Warm-Up Check

During warm-up period, check:

- 1. Heater, air conditioning and wipers (if equipped).
- 2. Check all lighting systems (if equipped) for proper operation.
- 3. Adjust mirrors for maximum visibility.

CUT/CRUSH/BURN HAZARD. Keep engine cover closed while engine is running except when checking transmission oil level.

Operational Check

When engine warms, perform an operational check:

- 1. Service brake and parking brake operation.
- 2. Forward and reverse travel.
- 3. Each gear.
- 4. Steering in both directions with engine at low idle (steering lock to lock will not be reached). Check in each steering mode.
- 5. Horn and back-up alarm. Must be audible from inside operators cab with engine running.
- 6. All joystick functions operate smoothly and correctly.
- 7. Perform any additional checks described in Section 8.

2.6 CAB

The telehandler is equipped with an open or enclosed ROPS/FOPS cab.

WARNING

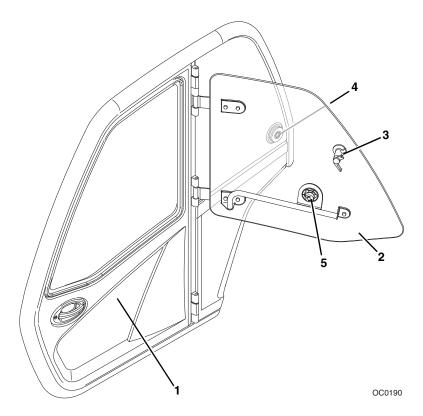
Never operate telehandler unless the overhead guard, cab structure and right side glass or screen are in good condition. Any modification to this machine must be approved by JLG to assure compliance with ROPS/FOPS certification for this cab/ machine configuration. If the overhead guard or cab structure is damaged, the **CAB CANNOT BE REPAIRED**. It must be **REPLACED**.

Never drill, cut, and/or weld to cab. Any modification to this machine must be approved by JLG to assure compliance with machine configuration. If unauthorized drilling, cutting and/or welding is present, the cab must be **REPLACED**.

2.7 ENCLOSED CAB WINDOWS (IF EQUIPPED)

Keep all windows clean and unobstructed.

Cab Door Window

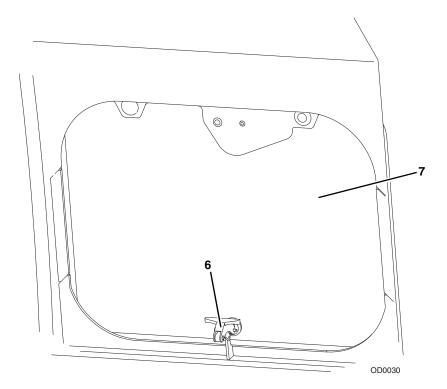


- During operation the cab door window (2) must either be latched open or closed
- Open the cab door window using lever (3) and secure it in the latch (4)
- Press release (4) inside cab or (5) outside cab to unlatch window

NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. Cab door (1) must be closed during operation. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

Rear Window



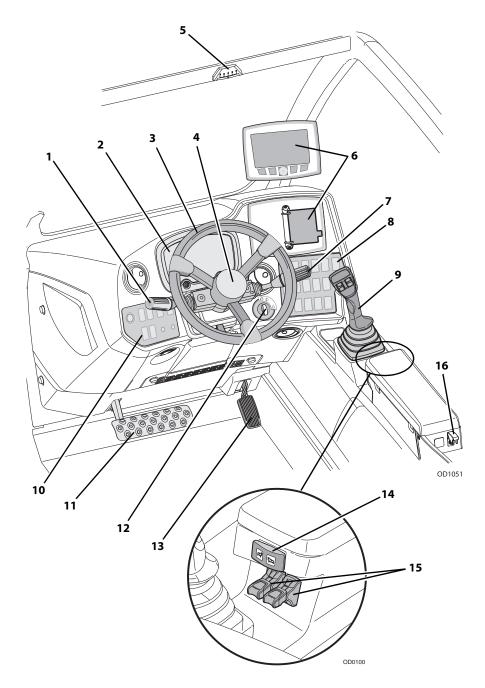
- Lift lever (6) and push to open the rear window (7)
- Lift lever and pull to close

SECTION 3 - CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

3.1 GENERAL

This section provides the necessary information needed to understand control functions.

3.2 CONTROLS

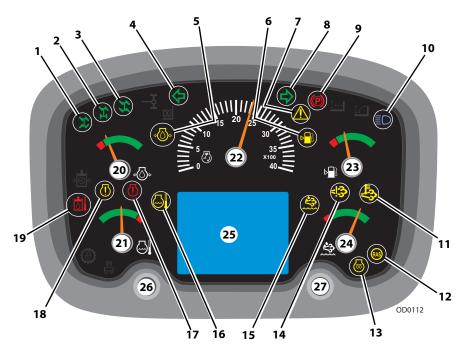


- 1. Transmission Control Lever: See page 3-16.
- 2. Instrument Panel: See page 3-4.
- **3.** *Steering Wheel:* Turning the steering wheel to the left or right steers the machine in the corresponding direction. Three steering modes are available. See *"Steer Modes"* on page 3-23.
- 4. Horn: Press to sound horn.
- **5.** *Frame Level Indicator:* Enables operator to determine the left to right level condition of the telehandler.
- 6. Charts/Display:
 - a. Capacity and Maintenance Charts (if equipped): See Section 5- Attachments or Section 7- Lubrication and Maintenance.
 - b. Multifunction Display (if equipped): See page 3-29.
- 7. Accessory Control lever (if equipped): See page 3-18.
- 8. Right Dash Control Panel: See page 3-12.
- 9. Joystick: See page 3-20.
- 10. Left Dash Control Panel: See page 3-10.
- 11. Service Brake Pedal: Further pedal is pressed, the slower the travel speed.
- 12. Ignition Switch: Key activated. See page 3-14.
- 13. Accelerator Pedal: Pressing down the pedal increases engine and hydraulic speed.
- 14. *Frame Level Switch:* Controls left to right frame level of machine. Press right side of switch to rotate frame right; press left side of switch to rotate frame left.
- 15. Outrigger Levers (if equipped): See page 3-19.
- 16. Air Shutoff Valve (ASOV) Test Switch (if equipped): See page 8-2.

Instrument Panel

The instrument panel uses different colors to alert the operator to different types of operational situations that could arise.

- When an indicator illuminates RED (except park brake) or if a gauge enters a red zone, immediately bring machine to a stop, lower boom and attachment to the ground and stop the engine. Determine cause and correct before continued use.
- When an indicator illuminates YELLOW an abnormal operating condition is present. If not corrected, machine interruption or damage may result.
- When an indicator illuminates GREEN or BLUE or if a gauge is in the green zone, important information regarding safe operation is being displayed.



NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. When a red indicator illuminates (except park brake), immediately bring machine to a stop, lower boom and attachment to ground and stop the engine. Determine cause and correct before continued use.

- 1. 4-Wheel Circle Steer: Illuminates when all wheel steer is active. See page 3-23.
- 2. 2-Wheel Front Steer: Illuminates when two wheel steer is active. See page 3-23.
- 3. 4-Wheel Crab Steer: Illuminates when crab steer is active. See page 3-23.

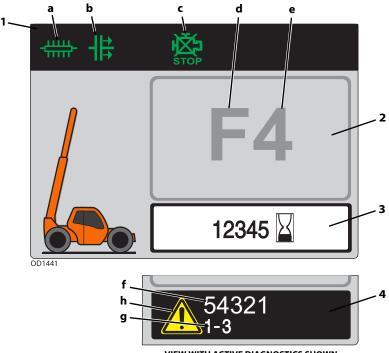
- 4. Left Turn (if equipped): Illuminates and flashes when left turn signal or hazard lights are active.
- 5. Low Engine Oil Pressure: Illuminates when oil pressure is low.
- 6. Low Fuel Level: Illuminates when fuel level is low.
- 7. System Distress: Illuminates when critical machine and engine faults exist.
- 8. *Right Turn (if equipped):* Illuminates and flashes when right turn signal or hazard lights are active.
- 9. Park Brake: Illuminates when park brake is applied. See page 3-15.
- 10. High Beam (if equipped): Illuminates when high beam lights are active.
- 11. High Exhaust System Temperature (HEST) (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP): May illuminate during exhaust system cleaning. See page 4-6.
- 12. *Rear Axle Stabilization (RAS):* Illuminates when rear axle stabilization is active. See page 3-28.
- **13.** *Engine Preheat:* Illuminates with ignition key in position 1. Indicator goes out when start temperature is reached.
- 14. Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP): Illuminates when stationary cleaning is required. Flashes during cleaning process. See page 4-6 for details.
- **15.** *Diesel Emission Fluid (DEF) (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP):* Illuminates when DEF level is low, DEF quality is low or system is malfunctioning. System derate and/or idle-lock may occur if conditions are not corrected.
 - DEF indicator illuminates, DEF level gauge shows low fluid level and fault codes are present when DEF fluid is low.
 - DEF and Engine Fault Warning indicators illuminate and fault codes are present when DEF quality is low or system is malfunctioning.
- **16.** *High Engine Coolant Temperature:* Illuminates when engine coolant temperature is high.
- 17. Engine Fault Critical: Illuminates when critical engine fault exists.
- 18. Engine Fault Warning: Illuminates when engine is operating outside normal range.
- 19. High Hydraulic Oil Temperature: Illuminates when hydraulic oil temperature is high.
- 20. Engine Oil Pressure Gauge: Indicates engine oil pressure.
- 21. Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge: Indicates engine coolant temperature.
- 22. Engine Speed: Indicates engine speed in revolutions per minute (rpm).
- 23. Fuel Level Gauge: Indicates fuel level.
- 24. Diesel Emission Fluid (DEF) Level Gauge (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP): Indicates fluid level.
- 25. LCD Display: See page 3-7.

Section 3- Controls and Indicators

- **26.** *Left Control Button* Press to decrease display brightness. Increases digits in anti theft function. See page 3-22.
- **27.** *Right Control Button* Press to increase display brightness. Confirms digits in anti theft function. See page 3-22.

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LCD Display



VIEW WITH ACTIVE DIAGNOSTICS SHOWN

- 1. Indicators: Indicator will display when active.
 - a. Continuous Auxiliary Hydraulics Illuminates when continuous auxiliary hydraulics are active.
 - b. Transmission Declutch Illuminates when transmission declutch function is enabled. See page 3-21.
 - c. Do Not Shut Off Engine Illuminates when stationary exhaust system cleaning is required. See page 4-6.
- 2. Driving Direction and Gear: Displays current driving condition.
 - d. Direction Forward (F), Neutral (N) or Reverse (R).
 - e. Gear First (1), Second (2), Third (3) or Fourth (4).
- **3.** *Operating Hours:* Displays total hours of telehandler operation. Displays when ignition is in ON position and no fault codes exist.

Section 3- Controls and Indicators



- **4.** *Active Diagnostics:* Displays icon and applicable diagnostic code. Display cycles through each active warning or diagnostic if multiple are present. See Service Manual for details.
 - f. Fault Code Displays applicable diagnostic code.
 - g. Numeric Code Indicator Displays number of engine fault codes which are present.
 - h. Diagnostic Icon Displays diagnostic symbols.

Transmission Oil Temperature Indicator - Illuminates when transmission temperature is high.

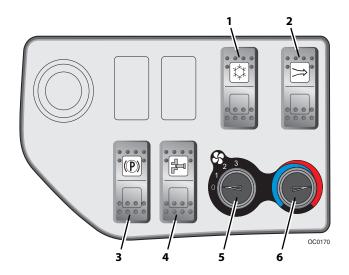
Air Cleaner Restriction Indicator - Illuminates when air cleaner requires maintenance.

Low Battery Indicator - Illuminates when battery is at low charge or charging system is not functioning properly.

System Distress Indicator - Illuminates when critical machine and engine faults exist.

Maintenance Required Indicator - Illuminates when maintenance is required.

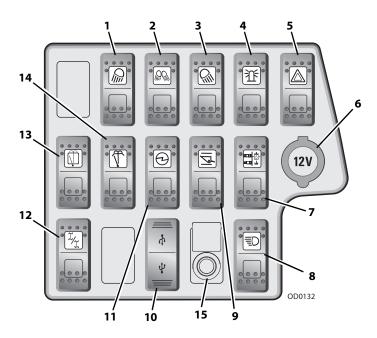
Left Dash Control Panel



- 1. Air Conditioning Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch.
- 2. HVAC Recirculation Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch. Push to activate and recirculate air inside the cab. While deactivated, air is circulated from outside the cab.
- 3. Park Brake Switch: On/Off switch. See page 3-15 for details.
- **4.** *Coupler Switch (if equipped):* Used in conjunction with joystick to hydraulically lock or unlock an attachment. See page 5-17 for details.
- 5. HVAC Fan Speed (if equipped): Adjustable rotary switch.
- 6. HVAC Temperature Control Switch (if equipped): Adjustable rotary switch.

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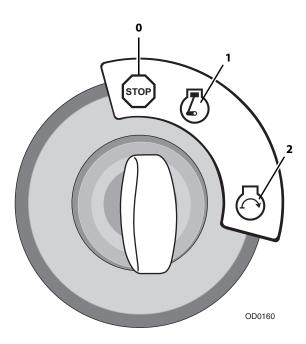
Right Dash Control Panel



- 1. Front Work Lights Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch.
- 2. Boom Work Lights Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch.
- 3. Rear Work Lights Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch.
- 4. Beacon Light Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch.
- 5. Hazard Lights Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch.
- 6. Power Outlet (if equipped): 12V receptacle.
- 7. *Auxiliary Decompression Switch:* Press to relieve pressure in auxiliary hydraulic circuit. See page 5-18.
- 8. *Master Light and Road Lights Switch (if equipped):* Three positions: Off, Enable, On. Switch must be in the enable or on position in order to operate work lights. Prior to machine shut-down, ensure switch is in the off position.
- **9.** Boom Ride Control Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch. While enabled and travelling 3 mph (5 kph) or faster, the system acts to improve boom control over rough terrain. Depress switch again to disable boom ride control.
- 10. USB Port (if equipped): USB ports under protective tab.
- 11. Auxiliary Electric Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch.

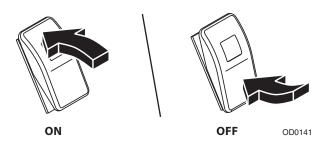
- 12. Steer Select Switch: Three positions: 4-wheel circle steer, 4-wheel crab steer and 2-wheel steer. See page 3-23.
- 13. Rear Wiper Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch.
- 14. Roof Wiper Switch (if equipped): On/Off switch.
- **15.** *Air Shutoff Valve (ASOV) Indicator Lamp (if equipped):* Indicates when the ASOV valve has been actuated.

Ignition



- Position **0** Engine off, no voltage available.
- Position **1** Voltage available for all electrical functions. Wait to start engine until preheat indicator on instrument panel goes out.
- Position 1 Engine run.
- Position **2** Engine start. In the event the engine does not start, rotate key to position 0 then back to position 2 to re-engage the starter.

Park Brake



Park brake switch controls the application and release of the park brake.

- With the engine running and the park brake switch in OFF position, park brakes are disengaged.
- With switch in ON position, park brake is engaged and transmission will not engage forward or reverse.

MACHINE ROLL-AWAY HAZARD. In the event of engine failure, apply constant pressure to service brake pedal while activating the park brake to the ON position.

MACHINE ROLL-AWAY HAZARD. Always move park brake switch to ON position, lower boom to ground and stop engine before leaving cab.

A WARNING

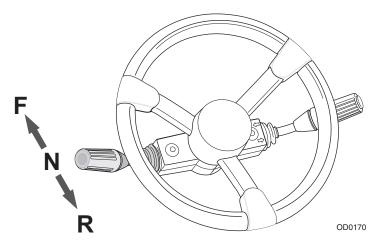
CRUSH HAZARD. Turning engine off applies the park brake. Applying park brake or turning engine off while traveling will cause unit to stop abruptly and could cause load loss. Either may be used in an emergency situation.

Parking Procedure

- 1. Using service brake, stop telehandler in an appropriate parking area.
- 2. Follow "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.

Transmission Control Lever

Direction of Travel Selection



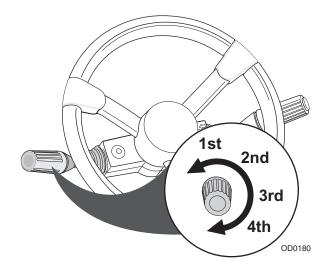
Transmission control lever engages forward or reverse travel.

- Push lever forward for forward travel; pull lever rearward for reverse travel. Move lever to centered position for neutral.
- Forward or reverse travel can be selected while in any gear.
- When traveling in reverse, the back-up alarm will automatically sound.
- Drive in reverse and turn only at slow rates of speed.
- Unless transmission declutch button is activated (see page 3-21), do not increase engine speed with the transmission in forward or reverse and the service brake pressed in an attempt to get quicker hydraulic performances. This could cause unexpected machine movement.

A WARNING

TIP OVER/CRUSH HAZARD. Bring telehandler to a complete stop before shifting transmission control lever. A sudden change in direction of travel could reduce stability and/or cause load to shift or fall.

Gear Selection

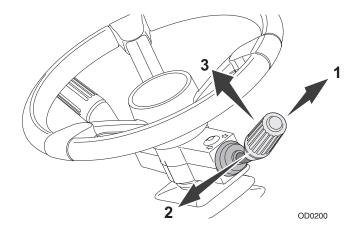


Gear selection is located on the twist grip handle of transmission control lever.

- Twist hand grip to select gear.
- The Transmission is equipped with four forward and three reverse gears
- Select appropriate gear for task being performed. Use a lower gear for transporting a load. Use a higher gear only when driving unloaded for longer distances.
- Slow down prior to downshifting. **Do not downshift more than one gear at a time.**

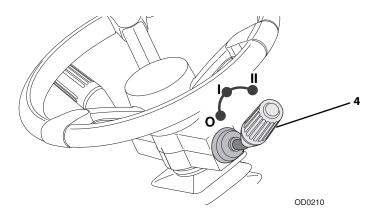
Accessory Control Lever (if equipped)

Turn Signals and Low/High Beam Headlights



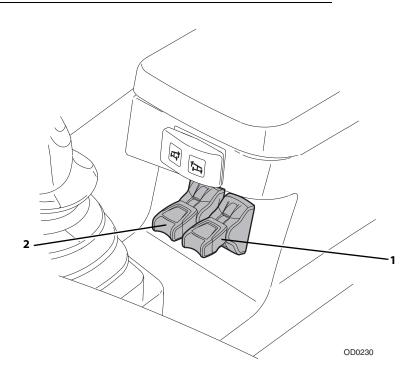
- Push accessory control lever forward (1) to activate left turn signal.
- Pull lever backward (2) to activate right turn signal.
- The lever must be manually returned to the center position to deactivate either turn signal. The lever will not cancel automatically after a turn.
- Pull lever up (3) to switch between low and high beam headlights.

Front Windshield Wiper



- Rotate hand grip (4) to activate front windshield wiper.
 O Off, I Continuous or II Fast.
- Push hand grip (4) towards column to activate windshield wiper fluid.

Outrigger Levers (if equipped)



Levers (1 & 2) control the outriggers.

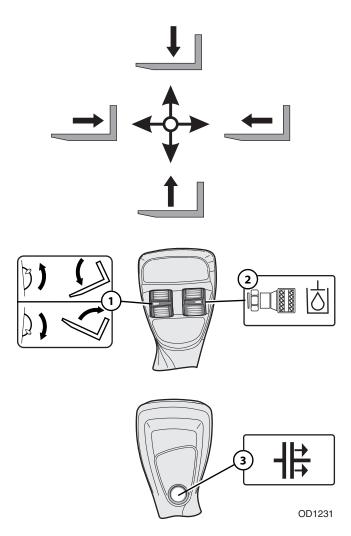
- Left lever (1) controls left outrigger and right lever (2) controls right outrigger.
- Press lever down to lower outriggers.
- Lift lever up to raise outriggers.
- Use the outriggers to increase stability and/or load capacity and in leveling telehandler. Study capacity charts to determine maximum load capacities, with and without outriggers.



TIP OVER HAZARD. Outriggers increase stability and load capacity only if they are used properly. Using outriggers on soft surfaces could cause telehandler to tip over. Always ensure surface can support telehandler and load.

Joystick

Verify the joystick decal located inside the cab matches the machine controls.



The joystick controls the boom, attachment tilt, auxiliary hydraulic and transmission declutch functions.

Boom Functions

- Move the joystick back to lift boom; move joystick forward to lower boom; move joystick right to extend boom; move joystick left to retract boom.
- The speed of boom functions depends upon the amount of joystick travel in corresponding direction. Increasing engine speed will also increase function speed.
- For two simultaneous boom functions, move joystick between quadrants. For example; moving the joystick forward and to the left will lower and retract boom simultaneously.

A WARNING

TIP OVER/CRUSH HAZARD. Rapid, jerky operation of controls will cause rapid, jerky movement of the load. Such movements could cause the load to shift or fall or could cause the machine to tip over.

Attachment Tilt Function

Attachment tilt is controlled by the roller switch (1).

 Press the roller switch up to tilt attachment down; press the roller switch down to tilt attachment up.

Auxiliary Hydraulic Functions

The Auxiliary Hydraulics roller switch (**2**) controls the function of attachments that require the hydraulic supply for operation. See Section 5- Attachments for approved attachments and control instructions.

Transmission Declutch

Transmission declutch is controlled by button (3).

Note: Verify functionality of Transmission Declutch prior to operation.

- While applying service brake, depress and release button to enable transmission declutch function and disengage transmission.
 While applying service brake, depress and release button to disable transmission declutch function and engage transmission.
- (1055, 1255 Early Production Only) Apply service brake. Depress and hold button to enable transmission declutch function and disengage transmission. Release button or release service brake to disable transmission declutch function and engage transmission.

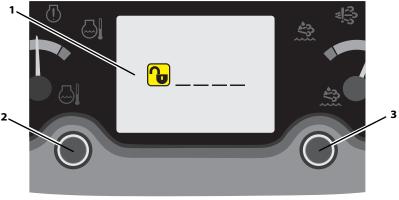
3.3 ANTI THEFT FUNCTIONALITY (IF ENABLED)

Machines with anti theft feature active require entering a numeric code before operation to prevent unauthorized use. If multifunction display is installed, ant-theft feature is accessed from that display only.

Note: If the anti theft feature is active and the current access code is not known, it may be viewed or changed by the machine owner (level 2 password may be required). See Service Manual for information.

Instrument Panel Input

Code entry is accomplished using information provided in the instrument panel display.



OD1240

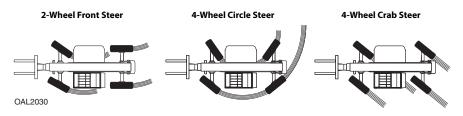
- 1. Turn ignition switch to position 1. If anti theft is active, the display (1) will prompt the operator for a numeric code.
- 2. Use the left button (2) to select the first digit. Press button to increase number. Number will increase from 0 thru 9 then roll over to 0.
- 3. Press the right button (3) to confirm current digit and move to the next digit.
- 4. Continue until the code is complete.
- 5. If an incorrect code is entered, the display will prompt the operator again for the numeric code.
- 6. If the correct code is entered, normal start up can continue.

Multifunction Display Input

If machine is equipped with Multifunction Display, refer to page 3-44 for anti-theft functionality information.

3.4 STEER MODES

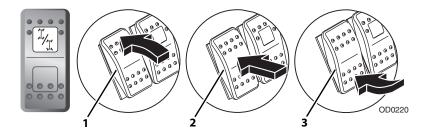
Three steer modes are available for operator use.



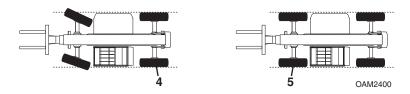
Note: 2-Wheel Front Steer mode is required for travel on public roads.

Manual Steering Alignment Mode Change

Note: Steer mode will change immediately after selection.



1. Bring machine to a stop using service brake. If front steer mode (2) is active and rear wheels are aligned, go directly to step 4.

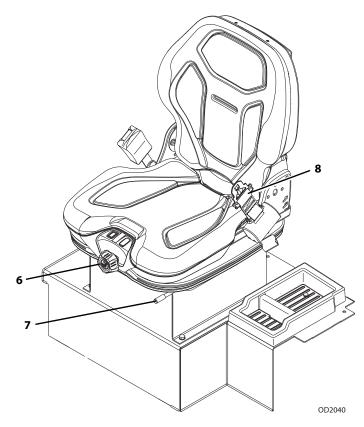


- 2. With circle steer (1) or crab steer (3) mode active, turn the steering wheel until the left rear wheel (4) is aligned with the side of the machine.
- 3. Select front steer mode (2).
- 4. Turn the steering wheel until the left front wheel (**5**) is aligned with the side of the machine.
- 5. Wheels are now aligned. Select desired steer mode.

3.5 OPERATOR SEAT

Adjustments

Prior to starting the engine adjust seat for position and comfort.



- 1. Suspension: Use the knob (6) to adjust the suspension to appropriate weight setting.
- 2. Fore/Aft: Use lever (7) to move seat fore and aft.
- 3. Seat Belt: Always fasten seat belt (8) during operation.

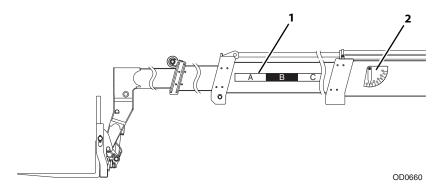
Seat Belt



Fasten seat belt as follows:

- 1. Grasp both free ends of the belt making certain that belt webbing is not twisted or entangled.
- 2. With back straight in the seat, couple the retractable end (male end) of the belt into the receptacle (buckle) end of the belt.
- 3. With belt buckle positioned as low on the body as possible, pull the retractable end of the belt away from the buckle until it is tight across the lap.
- 4. To release belt latch, press red button on the buckle and pull free end from buckle.

3.6 BOOM ANGLE AND EXTENSION INDICATORS



- The boom extension indicators (1) are located on the left side of the boom. Use these
 indicators to determine boom extension when using the capacity chart (see "Use of
 the Capacity Chart" on page 5-5).
- The boom angle indicator (2) is located on the left side of the boom. Use this indicator to determine the boom angle when using the capacity chart (see "Use of the Capacity Chart" on page 5-5).

3.7 REVERSE SYSTEMS (IF EQUIPPED)

A WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Running into persons or objects can cause death, serious injury, or damage to property and equipment. Always check mirrors and area behind vehicle before and when backing up. Reverse systems are for supplementary use only.

Reverse Sensing System

The reverse sensing system provides audible indication of objects to rear of unit while in reverse gear.

• Alarm sounds signaling machine is placed in reverse gear.

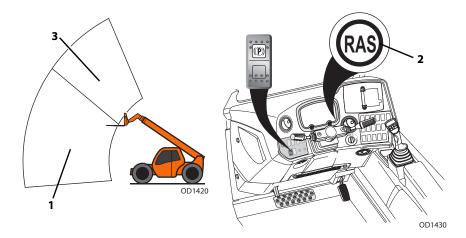
Note: Reverse Sensing System detects objects larger than 36 square inches (232.25 square centimeters) area and is functional when machine is moving in reverse direction.

- No alarm when detection zone is clear of objects.
- Pulsing alarm sounds when an object is in range of Reverse Sensing System. Alarm increases in frequency as object becomes closer.
- If alarm sounds at a frequency of eight pulses per second (8 Hz) an object is detected within 5 feet (1.5 m). Stop reverse direction of machine by applying service brake. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-4. Check and clear area behind machine of objects before proceeding in a reverse direction.

Reversing Camera

If machine is equipped with Multifunction Display, refer to page 3-48 for reversing camera information.

3.8 REAR AXLE STABILIZATION (RAS) SYSTEM



Free Pivot Mode

With boom below 40° (1), RAS system is in Free Pivot Mode. Rear axle pivots freely and frame level functions normally. RAS indicator (2) will be off.

Slow Pivot Mode

With boom above 40° (**3**), the RAS system is in Slow Pivot Mode when service brake is not applied and transmission is in gear. Rear axle will respond slowly to changes in terrain and frame level functions normally. RAS indicator (**2**) will be off.

Locked Mode

With boom above 40° (**3**), and activating one or more of following functions, RAS system is in Locked Mode.

- Park brake switch engaged
- Transmission control lever in Neutral
- Service brake pedal depressed

The RAS indicator (2) will illuminate when in lock mode. When the rear axle is locked, if frame level or outriggers functions are operated, the rear axle goes into Slow Pivot Mode.

3.9 MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY (IF EQUIPPED)

General Information

This section provides the necessary information needed to understand the multifunction display.

Start of Multifunction Display

The multifunction display will be active when the ignition is in position 1.



After the multifunction display has been powered on, the machine brand logo (1) will be displayed briefly followed by the home screen.

Note: If anti-theft is active, the display will prompt the operator for a numeric code. See page 3-44 for procedure.

Multifunction Display and Buttons

Note: Apply park brake to access the Attachment Selection and Main Menu buttons.

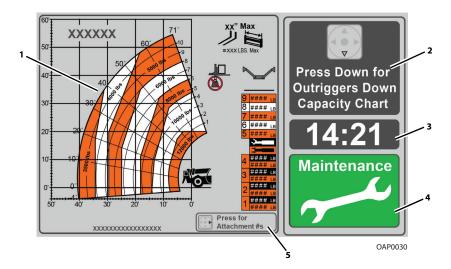


- **1. Display:** The display shows the following depending on selection.
 - Anti-theft. See page 3-44.
 - Home screen. See page 3-32.
 - Reversing camera (if equipped). See page 3-48.
 - Advanced diagnostics. See page 3-36.
 - Maintenance charts. See page 3-49.
 - Lubrication charts. See page 3-51.
 - Personalities screen: Personalities menu displays various electrically controlled parameters that drive the hydraulic functions related to outriggers, frame level, boom lift, extend/retract and auxiliary. See Service Manual for more personalities information.
 - Operator tools screen. See page 3-41.
 - Calibration screen. See page 3-42.

- 2. Previous Screen Button: The previous screen button returns the display to the previous menu or screen. The screen will not change if already at the home screen.
- **3. Attachment Select Button:** The attachment selection button allows the operator to select a specific attachment in order to display the applicable capacity chart. See page 3-45.
- 4. Navigation Button: The navigation button has four arrow buttons to navigate up, down, left or right. The center button allows the operator to confirm the selection.
- **5. Main Menu Button:** The main menu button displays the main menu. The operator can navigate the menu using the navigation button. See page 3-35.
- **6. Home Screen Button:** The home screen button returns display to the home screen. The screen will not change if already at the home screen.

Home Screen

The home screen displays at the successful startup or when the Home Screen button is selected.



1. Capacity Chart: The capacity chart is displayed based on the selected attachment, and if equipped, selected outriggers position. See page 3-45 for capacity chart selection and page 5-11 for use of the capacity chart.

Note: If the display does not have capacity charts, see Service Manual for troubleshooting.

2. Outriggers Position (if equipped): Outriggers position allows the operator to select the current outriggers position. Appropriate capacity chart will display based on the selected outriggers position. See page 3-47.

Note: If machine is not equipped with outriggers, the outriggers position will be blank.

- 3. Real-Time Clock (RTC): The real-time clock displays the time in 12 or 24 hour format.
- Maintenance Status: The maintenance status icon shows the current status of maintenance and notifies the operator if any maintenance activity is required. See page 3-39.
 - Green: No scheduled maintenance required.
 - Yellow: Scheduled maintenance required. See page 3-49.

Note: Brand logo is displayed when the maintenance status is not enabled.

 Attachment Part Numbers: Press right Navigation button to display the list of OEM supplied attachment part numbers. Part numbers display for 3 seconds, then home screen displays.

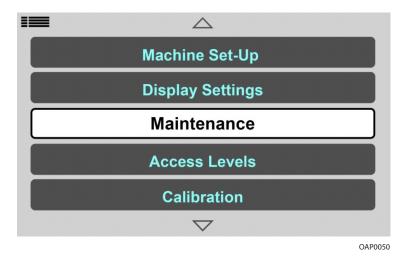


OAP0040

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Main Menu

Press the Main Menu button to access the main menu.



Note: Scroll up or down to view all items.

Maintenance

Maintenance menu displays the maintenance intervals and lubrication requirements to properly maintain the telehandler.

Maintenance Intervals: Maintenance intervals allow the operator to view all the unique maintenance tasks required when engine hours reach an identified interval or multiples of the intervals. See page 3-49.

Lubrication: Lubrication allows the operator to view lubrication charts. See page 3-51.

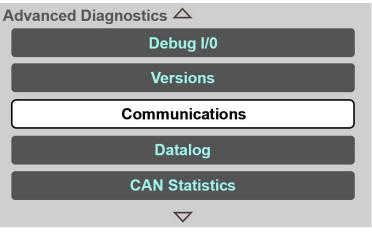
Access Level

The access level screen displays the current access level. Code entry determines access level.

- Operator (Level 3) No code required.
- Customer (Level 2) See Service Manual.
- Service (Level 1) Manufacturer service representative only.

Advanced Diagnostics

Advanced diagnostics menu allows the operator to view diagnostic information.



OAP0060

Communications: Communications screen displays the status of all CAN modules in the control system. The status of the appropriate module will be RED in color, if there is any CAN loss. If the communication is good, the appropriate module status will be GREEN in color.

Versions: Versions screen displays the version of the software, hardware and constant data of control modules in the machine.

Debug I/O: Debug I/O screen displays the status of all inputs/outputs and assigned machine function name for the cabin control module, front frame facing control module, and rear frame facing control modules.

Engine: Engine screen displays parameters related to engine.

Joystick: Joystick screen displays parameters related to the joystick.

Transmission: Transmission screen displays parameters related to the drive or transmission.

Hydraulics: Hydraulics screen displays parameters related to the outriggers, frame level and cabin functions.

Calibration Data: Calibration data screen displays calibration values for all calibrated sensors in the control system.

System: System screen displays parameters related to control system.

Drive/Steer: Drive/Steer screen displays parameters related to steering system.

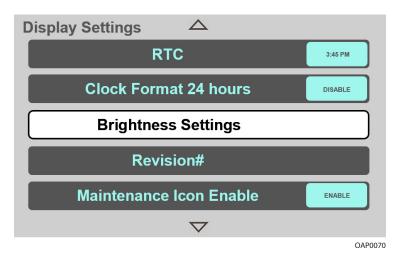
Lights: Lights screen displays parameters related to lighting.

Boom Ride & Float: Boom ride and float screen displays parameters related to boom ride and float.

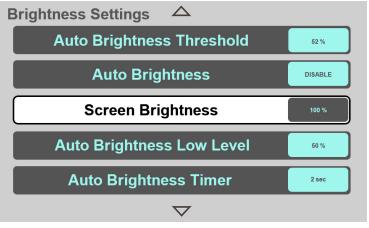
CAN Statistics: CAN statistics screen displays the parameters of the system bus and diagnostic bus.

Display Settings

Display settings menu allows the operator to set up the Real-Time Clock (RTC) and screen brightness. Additionally, the operator can view the language settings, maintenance status icon (enable/disable) and revision number of library files.



Brightness Settings: Brightness settings menu allows the operator to adjust the screen brightness. It consists of following features to adjust the screen brightness.



OAP0080

- a. Screen Brightness: Screen brightness allows the operator to adjust the screen brightness (0 100% in 1% increment).
- b. **Auto Brightness:** Auto brightness screen allows the operator to set auto brightness to enable or disable mode.
- c. **Auto Brightness Threshold:** Auto brightness threshold allows the operator to adjust the auto brightness threshold value when auto brightness is enabled. Based on ambient light level and auto brightness threshold, display will set to auto brightness low level or screen brightness.
- d. **Auto Brightness Timer:** Auto brightness timer allows the operator to adjust the length of time to change to appropriate brightness when auto brightness is enabled.
- e. **Auto Brightness Low Level:** Auto brightness low level allows the operator to set the preferred lowest brightness level (in %) when auto brightness is enabled.

Clock Format 24 Hours: Clock format screen allows the operator to set the real-time clock in 12 or 24 hour format.

Real-Time Clock (RTC): Real-time clock screen allows the operator to set hours, minutes, month, day and year by the use of navigation button.

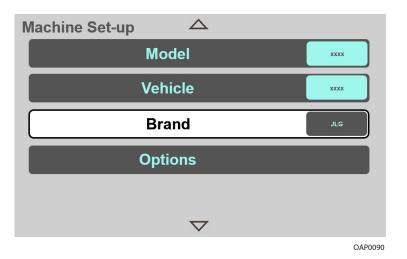
Language: Language allows the operator to view the current language. See Service Manual to change current language.

Maintenance Icon Enable: Maintenance icon enable screen allows the operator to set the maintenance status to enable or disable mode on the home screen.

Revision#: Revision# screen displays the revision numbers of all libraries (capacity and maintenance chart) and application.

Machine Set-Up

Machine set-up menu displays configuration (brand, model, engine, transmission, etc.) of the machine.



Brand: Brand displays brand name of the machine.

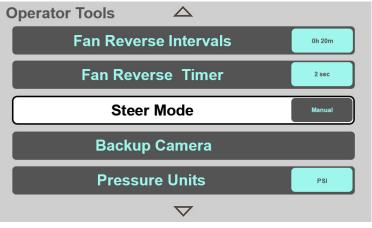
Vehicle: Vehicle displays the type of vehicle based on boom configuration and market preferences.

Model: Model displays machine model.

Options: Options screen provides machine configuration details for transmission, engine control, auxiliary functions and all other controls.

Operator Tools

Operator tools menu allows the operator to set various machine settings.



OAP0100

Steer Mode: Steer mode allows the operator to select desired steer mode.

- a. Manual steer mode
- b. Automatic steer mode (not utilized on current model)

Fan Reverse Timer: Not utilized on current model.

Fan Reverse Interval: Not utilized on current model.

Default Gear: Not utilized on current model.

Elevated Idle: Elevated idle allows the operator to set the elevated idle.

Vehicle Speed Units: Not utilized on current model.

Temperature Units: Temperature units allows the operator to set the units for temperature in Fahrenheit (F) or Celsius (C).

Pressure Units: Pressure units allows the operator to set the units for pressure in PSI or BAR.

Backup Camera (if equipped): Backup camera allows the operator to temporarily view the area behind the telehandler on the home screen.

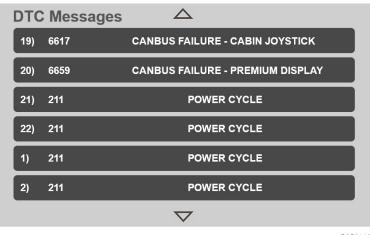
Calibrations

Calibrations menu allows the operator to perform functionality checks for various machine controls.

- Park brake test. See page 3-55.
- See Service Manual for more calibrations information.

Error Messages (Fault Codes)

Error messages screen allows the operator to view up to 25 recently logged Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)/Diagnostics Message 1 (DM1) fault codes along with a text description. The fault codes are displayed in the order in which they are received. Active fault codes are shown with an asterisk symbol. See Service Manual for additional fault code information.



OAP0110

DTC Messages: DTC messages display all machine related fault codes. The DTC message consists of a three to five digit number and corresponding message.

DM	1 Messages	
2)	172-3	Engine Error Code
3)	1109-31	Engine Error Code
1)	172-3	Engine Error Code
		\bigtriangledown
		OAP012

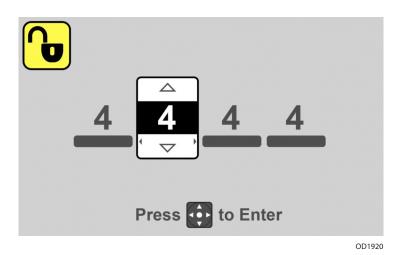
DM1 Messages: DM1 messages display all engine related fault codes. The DM1 message consists of the Suspect Parameter Number (SPN) and Fault Mode Indicator (FMI) component.

Operation and Maintenance

Anti-Theft Functionality

Machines with anti-theft feature active require entering a numeric code before operation to prevent unauthorized use. If multifunction display is installed, anti-theft feature is accessed from that display only.

Note: If the anti-theft feature is active and the current access code is not known, it may be viewed or changed by the machine owner. See Service Manual.



1. Turn ignition switch to position 1. If anti-theft is active, the display will prompt the operator for a numeric code.

- 2. Press the up/down arrows of the Navigation button to select the first digit.
- 3. Press the right arrow of the Navigation button to move to the next digit.
- 4. Continue until the code is complete. Press the center of the Navigation button to confirm the code.
- 5. If an incorrect code is entered, the display will prompt the operator again for the numeric code.
- 6. If the correct code is entered, normal start up can continue.

Capacity Chart Selection

The home screen displays proper capacity chart based on the selected attachment, and if equipped, selected outriggers position.

A. Attachment Selection

The attachment selection button allows the operator to select a specific attachment in order to display the applicable capacity chart.

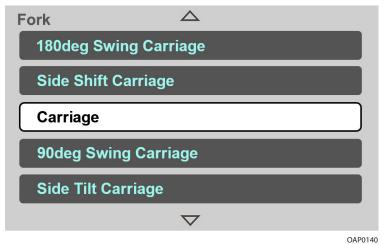
1. Press the Attachment Select button to access the types of attachments.

Attachment Selection	$n \Delta$	
Handler		e
Forks		
Buckets		
	\bigtriangledown	

OAP0130

2. Select the type of attachment.

Note: Scroll up or down to view all items.



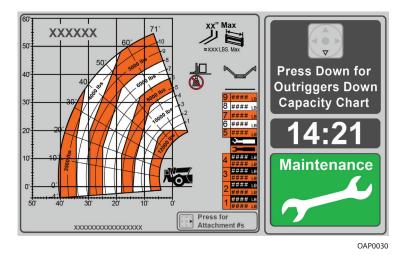
3. Select the specific attachment to be used



4. A message screen will display to confirm the selection. Press Home Screen button to go to home screen, the capacity chart for the selected attachment will display.

B. Outriggers Position Selection (if equipped)

If machine is equipped with outriggers, the display will show the capacity chart based on the selected outriggers position. See page 5-11 for use of the capacity chart.



Note: The default capacity chart is outriggers up.

- 1. Press down arrow of the Navigation button to display outriggers down capacity chart.
- 2. Press up arrow of the Navigation button to display outriggers up capacity chart.

Reversing Camera (if equipped)

A WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Running into persons or objects can cause death, serious injury, or damage to property and equipment. Always check mirrors and area behind vehicle before and when backing up. Reverse systems are for supplementary use only.

The reversing camera provides an additional view of the area directly behind the telehandler. The view displays on the multifunction display home screen when the telehandler is running, transmission is in reverse and when backup camera is configured to be present under machine Setup. The display automatically returns to the standard home screen when transmission is shifted out of reverse.



OAP0160

The screen provides a graphic overlay indicating approximate distances of objects at rear of telehandler.

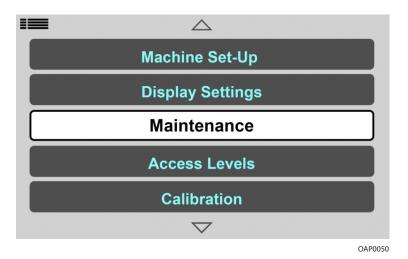
- Red Line: Approximately 5 ft (1,52 m).
- Yellow Line: Approximately 15 ft (4,57 m).

NOTICE

EQUIPMENT MALFUNCTION. Always keep camera lens clean. Camera may not operate normally at extremely high or low temperatures.

Maintenance Schedule Screen

Maintenance schedules identify maintenance tasks required when operating hours reach an identified interval.



1. Press Main Menu button and select Maintenance.

Note: Scroll up or down to view all items.

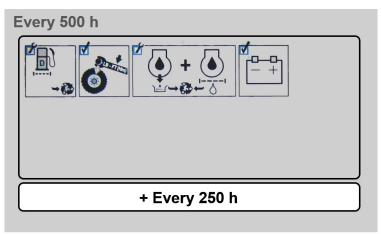
Maintenance	500h Service Interval				
	Lubrication				
Maintenance Intervals					
	\bigtriangledown				
	OAP017				

2. Select Maintenance Intervals.

Maintenance Intervals				
Every 750 h				
1st 500 h				
Every 500 h				
1st 250 h				
Every 250 h				
\bigtriangledown				
OAP0180				

3. Select the required maintenance interval to view the maintenance schedule. See Section 7- Lubrication and Maintenance for additional information.

Note: The screen will display the current maintenance interval in the upper right corner when scheduled operating hours are reached.

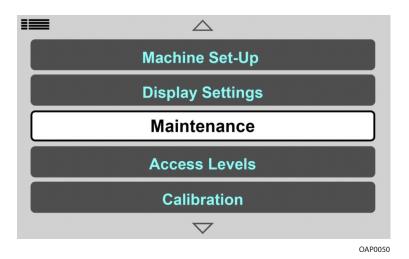


OAP0190

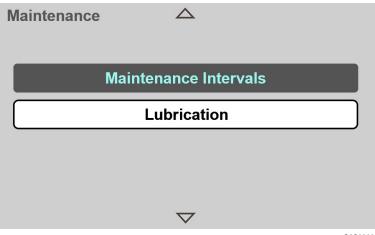
4. Press the center of the Navigation button to view subsequent maintenance schedules until maintenance intervals screen displays.

Lubrication Schedule Screen

Lubrication schedules identify lubrication tasks required when operating hours reach an identified interval.

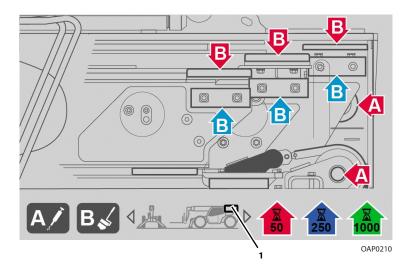


1. Press Main Menu button and select Maintenance.



OAP0200

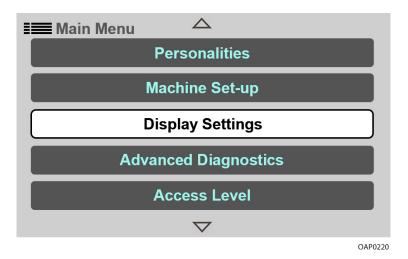
2. Select Lubrication to view the lubrication schedule.



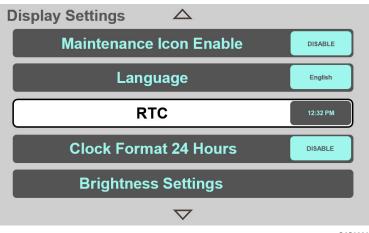
3. Use left/right arrow of the Navigation button to view lubrication points in different locations. See Section 7- Lubrication and Maintenance for additional information.

Note: Rectangle (1) indicates the area of the machine displayed on the screen above.

Real-Time Clock (RTC) Setup

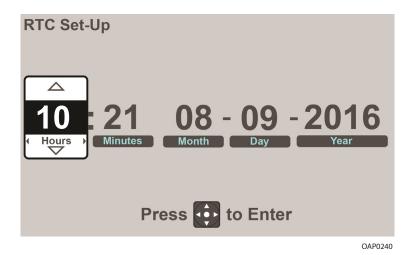


1. Press Main Menu button and select Display Settings.



OAP0230

2. Select RTC to set the date and time.

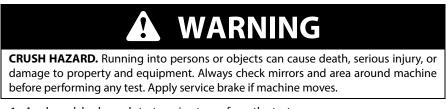


- 3. Press the up/down arrow of the Navigation button to select the first digit.
- 4. Press the right arrow of the Navigation button to move to the next digit.
- 5. Continue until the set-up is complete. Press the center of the Navigation button to confirm.

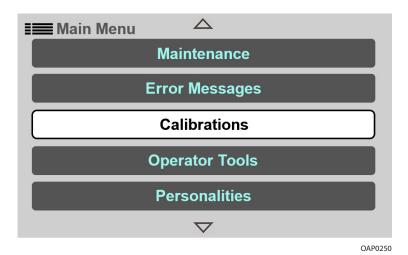
Park Brake Test

Park brake test allows the operator to check the function of park brake.

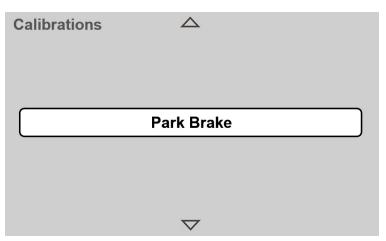
Note: Each step of the calibration procedure must be completed within 60 seconds. If not, then the calibration fails and need to initiate the calibration procedure again.



1. Apply park brake and start engine to perform the test.



2. Press Main Menu button and select Calibrations.



OAP0260

3. Select Park Brake.

Park Bra	ke	
	Perform Brake Test?	Þ.€

OAP0270

4. Press center of the Navigation button to confirm "Perform Brake Test?".



UAP0260

5. Ensure the park brake is engaged. Press center of the Navigation button to confirm.



6. Display shows warning message, "Warning: Drive will be engaged". Place transmission in second gear. Press center of the Navigation button to continue.



OAP0300

- 7. Place the transmission in Forward (F).
- 8. Place the transmission in Neutral (N). Press center of the Navigation button to continue.
- "Park Brake Test Complete" will be displayed if successful. Press center of the Navigation button to confirm and return to calibrations menu.
 "Park Brake Test Failed" will be displayed if failed. Press center of the Navigation button to confirm and return to calibrations menu to repeat the test. If failed again, machine must be removed from service and repaired before continued operation.

Troubleshooting

Communication Error Screen



OAP0310

Communication error screen will be displayed if there is a communication failure. Wait for a few moments and restart the machine. If the communication error continues to display, contact the local JLG dealer.

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SECTION 4 - OPERATION

4.1 ENGINE

Note: Refer to Engine Operation & Maintenance Manual for additional information.

Starting the Engine

This machine can be operated under normal conditions in temperatures of $0^{\circ}F$ to $114^{\circ}F$ (-20°C to $45^{\circ}C$). Consult JLG for operation outside this range or under abnormal conditions.

If equipped for extreme cold weather, -40°F to 0°F (-40°C to -20°C), see page 4-2 for starting procedure.

- 1. Make sure all controls are in "Neutral" and all electrical components (lights, heater, etc.) are turned off. Apply park brake.
- 2. Turn ignition switch to position 1 and wait for engine preheat indicator on instrument panel to go out.
- 3. Turn ignition switch to position 2 to engage starting motor. Release key immediately when engine starts. If engine fails to start within 20 seconds, release key and allow starting motor to cool for a few minutes before trying again.
- 4. After engine starts, observe indicators. If indicators remain on for more than five seconds, stop engine and determine cause before restarting engine.

Note: If engine preheat indicator flashes after engine starts, accelerator pedal is deactivated until indicator goes out.

5. Warm up engine at approximately 1/2 throttle.

Note: Engine will not start unless transmission is in neutral and park brake is applied.

A WARNING

UNEXPECTED MOVEMENT HAZARD. Always ensure that transmission is in neutral and the service brake is applied before releasing park brake. Releasing park brake in either forward or reverse could cause the machine to move abruptly.

WARNING

ENGINE EXPLOSION. Do not spray ether into air intake for cold weather starting.

Extreme Cold Weather Starting (if equipped)

If equipped with extreme cold weather components, machine can be operated in temperatures of -40°F to 0°F (-40° C to -20° C).

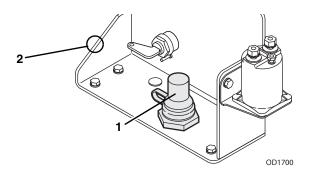
- 1. Machine must be equipped with heating components and extreme cold weather fluids. See Section 9- Specifications for fluid details.
- 2. Locate the two yellow extension cords stored behind seat in cab.
- 3. Connect the hydraulic tank heater to one extension cord and the battery and block heaters to the other extension cord. Connect each extension cord to separate A/C power supplies with a minimum rating of 15 Amps each.
- 4. Allow the heating components to operate a minimum of 12 hours prior to machine operation.
- 5. Follow start-up procedure on page 4-1 and allow engine to idle 20 minutes.
- 6. Operate all boom functions continuously for five minutes to circulate the warm hydraulic fluid.
- 7. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 8. Disconnect A/C power supplies and place back in storage locations.
- 9. Machine is ready for operation.

Battery Boosted Starting



If battery-boost starting (jump-start) is necessary, proceed as follows:

- Never allow vehicles to touch.
- Ensure boosting vehicle engine is running.



- Remote battery post is located on right side of engine compartment for jump-starting.
- Connect positive (+) jumper cable to positive (+) post (1) of discharged battery.
- Connect opposite end of positive (+) jumper cable to positive (+) post of booster battery.
- Connect negative (-) jumper cable to negative (-) post on booster battery.
- Connect opposite end of negative (-) jumper cable to ground point on machine (2).
- Follow standard starting procedures.
- Remove cables in reverse order after machine has started.

A WARNING

BATTERY EXPLOSION HAZARD. Never jump-start or charge a frozen battery as it could explode. Keep sparks, flames and lighted smoking materials away from battery. Lead acid batteries generate explosive gases when charging. Wear safety glasses.

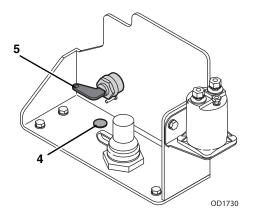
Normal Engine Operation

- Observe instrument panel and display frequently to be sure all systems are functioning properly.
- Be alert for unusual noises or vibration. When an unusual condition is noticed, park machine in safe position and perform shut-down procedure. Report condition to your supervisor or maintenance personnel.
- Avoid prolonged idling. If engine is not being used, turn it off.
- If prolonged idling is required (park brake applied and all controls in neutral), engine idle may increase if any of the following conditions are present.
 - Driving lights on.
 - Air conditioning on.
 - Ambient temperature below -1° F (-17° C).
- When operating a machine at high altitudes, a decrease in machine performance may occur due to a decrease in air density. When operating a machine at high temperatures, a decrease in machine performance and an increase in engine coolant temperature may occur. Contact JLG for operation under abnormal conditions.

Shut-Down Procedure

When parking the telehandler, park in a safe location on flat level ground and away from other equipment and/or traffic lanes.

- 1. Apply park brake.
- 2. Shift transmission to "Neutral".
- 3. Lower forks or attachment to ground.
- 4. Operate engine at low idle for 3 to 5 minutes. DO NOT over rev engine.
- 5. Shut off engine and remove ignition key.
- 6. Exit telehandler properly.

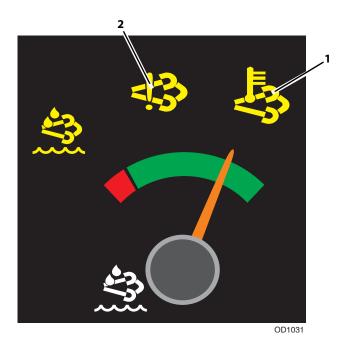


- 7. If equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP, purge indicator (4) will illuminate until DEF is purged from the system. Do not turn key (5) to off while indicator is illuminated.
- 8. Turn off electrical master switch.
- 9. Block wheels (if necessary).

4.2 AFTER-TREATMENT SYSTEM (ATS) (IF EQUIPPED FOR ULS/110 OR 130HP)

This machine is equipped with an Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) exhaust After-Treatment System (ATS). The system injects liquid through a special catalyst into the exhaust stream of the diesel engine. The liquid is automotive-grade urea, otherwise known as Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF). The DEF sets off a chemical reaction that converts nitrogen oxides into nitrogen, water and carbon dioxide (CO2), which is then expelled through the engine exhaust pipe.

The ATS is equipped with an automatic, or in-mission, exhaust cleaning system. A stationary, or non-mission, exhaust system cleaning will be required if the in-mission cleaning was not successful.



Automatic Exhaust System Cleaning (In-Mission)

The in-mission cleaning process will be performed during normal machine operation without any operator interaction.

• High Exhaust System Temperature (HEST) (1) Indicator may illuminate during exhaust system cleaning.



Stationary Exhaust System Cleaning (Non-Mission)

If the in-mission cleaning process was not successful, the Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) Indicator (**2**) will illuminate to indicate a non-mission cleaning process is required. A 50 hour period is available to complete the non-mission cleaning process.



- 1. Move telehandler to an area free of flammables and people that could be exposed to hot exhaust.
- 2. Shift transmission to neutral, retract and lower boom and engage park brake.
- 3. When exhaust system cleaning begins, the HEST (1) and Do Not Turn Off Engine (3) indicators will illuminate. Do not turn off engine.
- 4. Do not press accelerator pedal or other controls during exhaust system cleaning.
- 5. SCR indicator (2) flashes during cleaning. Stationary exhaust system cleaning takes approximately 30 to 60 minutes.

Note: Stationary exhaust system cleaning will stop and may be incomplete if any controls are inadvertently moved or activated. If stationary exhaust cleaning is interrupted, HEST (1) indicator will turn off and SCR Indicator (2) will stop blinking and illuminate solid. To restart stationary exhaust system cleaning, depress service brake and disengage park brake. Return to step 1 and repeat process.

6. Stationary exhaust system cleaning is complete after HEST, SCR and Do Not Turn Off Engine indicators turn off.

NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. System damage may occur if exhaust system cleaning requirements are not performed.

If stationary exhaust system cleaning is not completed within the 50 hour period, SCR (2), System Distress (4) and Engine Fault Warning (5) indicators will illuminate. A torque derate is initiated.

If stationary exhaust system cleaning is not completed within the next ten hours, SCR (2), System Distress (4), Engine Fault Warning (5) and Engine Fault Critical (6) indicators will illuminate. Engine is placed in idle-lock until resolved. Contact the local dealer or engine manufacturer.

4.3 OPERATING WITH A NON-SUSPENDED LOAD

Lift Load Safely

 You must know weight and load center of every load you lift. If you are not sure of weight and load center, check with your supervisor or with supplier of the material.

WARNING

TIP OVER HAZARD. Exceeding lift capacity of the telehandler could damage the equipment and/or cause tip over.

• Know rated load capacities (refer to Section 5) of telehandler to determine operating range in which you can safely lift, transport and place a load.

Picking Up a Load

- Note conditions of the terrain. Adjust travel speed and reduce amount of load if conditions warrant.
- Avoid lifting double-tiered loads.
- Make sure load is clear of any adjacent obstacles.
- Adjust spacing of forks so they engage the pallet or load at maximum width. See *"Adjusting/Moving Forks"* on page 5-19.
- Approach load slowly and squarely with fork tips straight and level. **NEVER** attempt to lift a load with just one fork.
- **NEVER** operate telehandler without a proper and legible capacity chart in operator cab for telehandler/attachment combination you are using.

Transporting a Load



• After engaging the load and resting it against the backrest, tilt the load back to position it for travel. Travel in accordance with the requirements set forth in Section 1-General Safety Practices and Section 5- Attachments.

Leveling Procedure

- 1. Position machine in best location to lift or place load.
- 2. Apply parking brake and shift transmission to NEUTRAL.
- 3. Observe level indicator(s) to determine whether machine must be leveled prior to lifting load. If equipped, level machine with frame level switch (see page 3-3) or outrigger controls (see page 3-3 or 3-19).
- Move boom/attachment to 4 ft (1,2 m) off ground. (AUS - Move boom so forks are no more than 11.8 in (300 mm) above ground surface.)

Important things to remember:

• Never raise boom/attachment more than 4 ft (1,2 m) above ground unless telehandler is level.

(AUS - Never raise the forks more than 300 mm (11.8 in) above ground surface unless telehandler is level.)

• Combination of frame leveling and load could cause telehandler to tip over.

Section 4- Operation

Placing a Load

Before placing any load be sure that:

- Landing point can safely support weight of the load.
- Landing point is level; front to back and side to side.
- Use capacity chart to determine safe boom extension range. See *"Use of the Capacity Chart"* on page 5-11.
- Align forks at level the load is to be placed, then position boom slowly until load is just above area where it is to be placed.
- Lower the boom until the load rests in position and the forks are free to retract.

Disengaging a Load

Once the load has been placed safely at the landing point, proceed as follows:

- 1. With forks free from weight of load, boom can be retracted.
- 2. Lower carriage.
- 3. Telehandler can now be driven from landing location to continue work.

4.4 OPERATING WITH A SUSPENDED LOAD

Lift Load Safely

• You must know weight and load center of every load you lift. If you are not sure of weight and load center, check with your supervisor or with supplier of the material.

WARNING

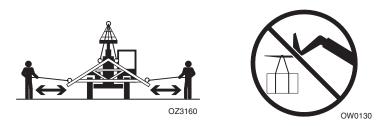
TIP OVER HAZARD. Exceeding lift capacity of the telehandler could damage the equipment and/or cause tip over.

• Know rated load capacities (refer to Section 5) of telehandler to determine operating range in which you can safely lift, transport and place a load.

Picking Up a Suspended Load

- Note conditions of terrain. Adjust travel speed and reduce amount of load if conditions warrant.
- Avoid lifting double-tiered loads.
- Make sure load is clear of any adjacent obstacles.
- **NEVER** operate telehandler without a proper and legible capacity chart in operator cab for telehandler/attachment combination you are using.
- Only use approved lifting devices rated for lifting of load.
- Identify proper lifting points of load, taking into consideration center of gravity and load stability.
- Ensure to always properly tether loads to restrict movement.
- Refer to "Use of the Capacity Chart" on page 5-11 for proper lifting guidelines in addition to appropriate capacity chart in operator cab.

Transporting a Suspended Load



- Travel in accordance with the requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices and Section 5- Attachments.
- For additional requirements, refer to appropriate capacity chart in operator cab.

Important things to remember:

- Ensure boom is fully retracted.
- Never raise load more than 11.8 in (300 mm) above ground surface or boom more than 45°.
- Combination of frame leveling and load could cause telehandler to tip over.
- Guide persons and operator must remain in constant communication (verbal or hand) and be in visual contact with operator at all times.
- Never place guide persons between suspended load and telehandler.
- Only transport load at walking speed, 0.9 mph (0.4 m/s), or less.

Leveling Procedure

- 1. Position machine in best location to lift or place load.
- 2. Apply parking brake and shift transmission to NEUTRAL.
- 3. Observe level indicator(s) to determine whether machine must be leveled prior to lifting load. If equipped, level machine with frame level switch (see page 3-3) or outrigger controls (see 3-19).
- 4. Move boom so load is no more than 11.8 in (300 mm) above ground surface and boom/or boom is raised no more than 45°.

Placing a Suspended Load

Before placing any load be sure that:

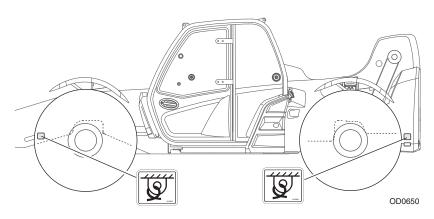
- Landing point can safely support weight of load.
- Landing point is level; front to back and side to side.
- Use capacity chart to determine safe boom extension range. See *"Use of the Capacity Chart"* on page 5-11.
- Align load at level the load is to be placed, then position boom slowly until load is just above area where it is to be placed.
- Ensure that guide persons and operator remain in constant communication (verbal or hand) when placing load.

Disengaging a Suspended Load

- Never place guide persons between suspended load and telehandler.
- Once at destination of load, ensure to bring telehandler to a complete stop and apply park brake prior to disengagement of lifting devices and tethers.

4.5 LOADING AND SECURING FOR TRANSPORT

Tie Down



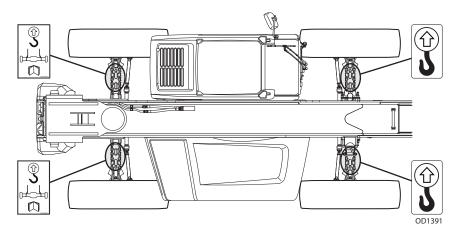
- 1. Level telehandler prior to loading.
- 2. Using a spotter, load telehandler with boom as low as possible.
- 3. Once loaded, apply parking brake and lower boom until boom or attachment is resting on deck. Move all controls to "Neutral," stop engine and remove ignition key.
- 4. Secure machine to deck by passing chains through designated tie down points as shown in figure.
- 5. Do not tiedown front of boom.

Note: User assumes all responsibility for choosing proper method of transportation and tiedown devices, making sure equipment used is capable of supporting weight of vehicle being transported and that all manufacturer's instructions and warnings, regulations and safety rules of their employer, Department of Transportation and/or any other local, state or federal/ provincial laws are followed.

WARNING

TELEHANDLER SLIDE HAZARD. Before loading telehandler for transport, make sure deck, ramps and telehandler wheels are free of mud, snow and ice. Failure to do so could cause telehandler to slide.

Lifting



The weight of the machine is listed on the serial number plate located at the front of the frame. Actual machine weight and center of gravity will vary depending on attachment, fluid levels and machine options. Actual weight and center of gravity should be verified prior to lifting.

The following precautions must be taken when lifting the machine with a mobile crane:

- Make adjustments to the lifting device and equipment to ensure that the machine will be level when elevated. The machine must remain level at all times while being lifted.
- Machine must never be lifted by any point on the boom.
- Take care not to let cables, chains, slings, etc. contact any part of the vehicle during lift.
- The appropriate lifting locations are the axle beams, inboard of the kingpins. Take care as not to damage the axles and components.
- Ensure that the boom is retracted and lowered.
- Ensure that the lifting device and equipment is adequately rated and suitable for the intended purpose.
- Remove all loose items from machine prior to lifting of the machine.
- Lift at a slow, even pace.
- Obtain any additional training regarding the proper lifting procedures that may be required. Please consult the local, state, and employer regulations.

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SECTION 5 - ATTACHMENTS

5.1 APPROVED ATTACHMENTS

Coupler Mounted Attachments

To determine if an attachment is approved for use on specific telehandler you are using, perform following prior to installation.

- The attachment type, weight and dimensions must be equal to or less than the data shown on a capacity chart located in the operator cab.
- The model on the capacity chart must match the model telehandler being used.
- Hydraulically powered attachments must only be used on machines equipped with auxiliary hydraulics.
- Hydraulically powered attachments that require auxiliary electrics must only be used on machines equipped with auxiliary hydraulics and electrics.
- The attachment is clearly labeled in accordance with ANSI/ITSDF B56.6

If any of the above conditions are not met, do not use attachment. Telehandler may not be equipped with proper capacity chart or attachment may not be approved for the model telehandler being used. Contact JLG or a local distributor for further information.

JLG Supplied Fork Mounted Attachments

To determine if an attachment is approved for use on specific telehandler you are using, perform following prior to installation.

- The machine is authorized for use with JLG supplied fork mounted attachments.
- The model on the capacity chart must match the model telehandler being used.
- Hydraulically powered attachments must only be used on machines equipped with auxiliary hydraulics.
- Hydraulically powered attachments that require auxiliary electrics must only be used on machines equipped with auxiliary hydraulics and electrics.

If any of the above conditions are not met, do not use attachment. Telehandler may not be equipped with proper capacity chart or attachment may not be approved for the model telehandler being used. Contact JLG or a local distributor for further information.

For requirements regarding fork mounted attachments, see "Fork Mounted Attachments" on page 5-4.

Non-OEM Fork Mounted Attachments

JLG authorizes the use of non-OEM fork mounted attachments provided the criteria and instructions are followed. See "Fork Mounted Attachments" on page 5-4.

5.2 UNAPPROVED ATTACHMENTS

Do not use unapproved attachments for the following reasons:

- Range and capacity limitations for "will fit," homemade, altered, or other non-approved attachments cannot be established.
- An overextended or overloaded telehandler can tip over with little or no warning and cause serious injury or death to the operator and/or those working nearby.
- The ability of a non-approved attachment to perform its intended function safely cannot be assured.

WARNING

Use only approved attachments. Attachments which have not been approved for use with your telehandler could cause machine damage or an accident.

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5.3 FORK MOUNTED ATTACHMENTS

General Requirements

- Certain fork mounted attachments have a dedicated capacity chart. The attachment type, weight and dimensions must be equal to or less than the data shown on a capacity chart located in the operator cab. If it does not have a dedicated capacity chart, utilize the applicable carriage capacity chart on which the fork mounted attachment is attached.
- Fork mounted attachments are to be used on telehandlers with a standard carriage or side tilt carriage with pallet or lumber forks only.
- All fork mounted attachments must ensure secure connection with pins behind the heel of the forks. Do not secure using chains, straps or clamps directly to the forks, fork carriage, load bar and/or the boom.
- The forks of the carriage must support 2/3 of the load length for any load applied.
- The weight of the fork mounted attachment, rigging and the associated load is to be included in the total load being lifted. Refer to the capacity chart for the carriage in use.
- The capacity chart for the applicable carriage is established with a 24-inch load center, and the load center of the attachment and load must equal 24 inches to utilize the existing load chart capacities.
- When the load center of a combined attachment and/or load exceeds 24 inches, the equivalent load must be calculated to use with the carriage capacity chart. See *"Fork Mounted Attachments Equivalent Load"* on page 5-7.

Note: When lifting loads, ensure that the center of gravity (CG) of the load being lifted is centered (right to left) between the forks.

Non-OEM Attachments

User of non-OEM attachments is responsible for:

- Design
- Fabrication
- Workmanship
- Structural Integrity
- Maximum Capacity
- Fit and Function
- Overall Quality
- Any operation and safety instructions specific to the attachment
- The attachment is clearly labeled in accordance with ANSI/ITSDF B56.6
- Ensure that the attachment and use of the attachment complies with this and all other applicable standards

5.4 EQUIVALENT LOAD

Load Centers Beyond 24 Inches

Carriage and fork capacity charts provided by JLG are validated based on load centers of 24 inches. When the load center for the application being performed exceeds 24 inches, the Equivalent Load must be calculated to use with the carriage capacity chart.

Utilizing Equivalent Load Calculation is applicable for all carriage and fork arrangements. The forks of the JLG carriage must support 2/3 of the load length for any load applied.

Equivalent Load Calculation

The Equivalent Load is determined with the calculation below. The Equivalent Load is the value applied to the respective carriage capacity chart to determine the appropriate use zone(s).

 $\frac{\text{Weight of Attachment Load (Ib)} \times \text{CG Distance of Load (in)}^{1}}{24 \text{ in}} = \text{Equivalent Load}$

¹Center of Gravity (CG) Distance is measured horizontally from the front surface of the fork.

Example

- Weight of load = 5,000 pounds
- Center of gravity of load = 36 inches

The Equivalent Load for this example is:

$$\frac{5,000 \times 36}{24}$$
 = 7,500 pounds

This value is cross-checked to the capacity of the forks to ensure the forks are rated to equally share this load. The user then utilizes the carriage capacity chart to determine where 7,500 lb can be safely moved and placed within the machine operating limits.

Fork Mounted Attachments Equivalent Load

Equivalent Load Calculation

The Equivalent Load is determined with the calculation below. The Equivalent Load is the value applied to the respective carriage capacity chart to determine the appropriate use zone(s).

(Weight of Attachment (lb) x CG Distance of Attachment (in)¹)

+ (Weight of Attachment Load (lb) x CG Distance of Load $(in)^1$) ÷ 24 in = Equivalent Load

¹Center of Gravity (CG) Distance is measured horizontally from the front surface of the fork.

Example

- Weight of attachment = 500 pounds
- Center of gravity of attachment = 36 inches
- Weight of load = 1,000 pounds
- Center of gravity of load = 45 inches

The Equivalent Load for this example is:

 $500 \times 36 = 18,000$ $1,000 \times 45 = 45,000$ $\frac{18,000 + 45,000}{24} = 2,625 \text{ pounds}$

This value is cross-checked to the capacity of the forks to ensure the forks are rated to equally share this load. The user then utilizes the carriage capacity chart to determine where 2,625 lb can be safely moved and placed within the machine operating limits.

A WARNING

This calculation does not apply to Personnel Work Platforms. Refer to Telehandler Personnel Work Platform Operation & Safety Manual for additional information.

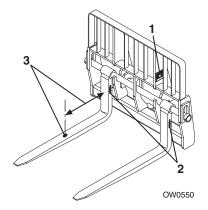
5.5 JLG SUPPLIED ATTACHMENTS

		Applicable Model					
Attachment	Part Number	642	742	943	1043	1055	1255
	1001146084	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Carriage, 50 in (1270 mm)	1170021	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	1001146086	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Carriage, 60 in (1524 mm)	1170024	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Carriage, 72 in (1829 mm)	1001146088	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	1001193794	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	1001211516	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Side Shift Carriage, 50 in (1270 mm)	1001142790	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
-	1170054	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Side Tilt Carriage, 50 in (1270 mm)	1001182951						Х
-	1001233383		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	1001101956	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Side Tilt Carriage, 60 in (1524 mm)	1001182952						Х
	1001233384		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	1170057	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Side Tilt Carriage, 72 in (1829 mm)	1001182953						Х
	1001233385		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
90° Swing Carriage, 72 in (1829 mm)	1001095418	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
180° Swing Carriage, 72 in (1829 mm)	1001104992					Х	Х
	1001238627					Х	Х
Drywall Swing Carriage	1001246022		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Dual Fork Positioning Carriage, 50 in (1270 mm)	7301295	х	х	х	Х	Х	
Dual Fork Positioning Carriage, 50 in (1270 mm)	1001189211						х
8 ft Mast Carriage, 50 in (1270 mm)	1001108668	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Side Tilt 8 ft Mast Carriage, 50 in (1270 mm)	1001218255	х	х	х	х	х	х
Fork, Pallet 2.36x4x48 in (60x100x1220 mm)	2340045	х	х	х	х	х	
Fork, Pallet 2.36x5x48 in (60x127x1220 mm)	2340038	х	х	х	х	х	х
Fork, Pallet 2.4x4x48 in (60x100x1220 mm)	7301408	х	х	х	х	х	
Fork, Pallet 2.4x4x60in (60x100x1524 mm)	1001227379	х	х	х	Х	Х	
Fork, Pallet 2.36x5x60in (60x125x1524 mm)	1001227382						х
Fork, Pallet 2.36x5x72in (60x125x1830 mm)	1001232355		х	х	х	х	Х

Section 5- Attachments

		Applicable Model					
Attachment	Part Number	642	742	943	1043	1055	1255
Fork, Lumber 1.6x5.9x60 in (40x150x1540 mm)	1001099457	х	х	х	Х	Х	х
Fork, Dual Taper 2x7x60 in (51x178x1524 mm)	1001097110	х	х	х	х	х	х
Fork, Dual Taper 2.36x6x60 in (60x152x1524 mm)	2340039	х	х	х	х	х	х
Fork, Dual Taper 2x6x72 in (50x152x1830 mm)	1001092391	х	х	х	Х	х	х
Fork, Block 2x2x48 in (50x50x1220 mm)	2340037	х	х	х	х	х	х
Fork Extension, 90 in (2286 mm)	1001137512	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pipe Grapple	1001142247					Х	Х
Bucket, Fork Mounted 60 in–1.3 yd ³ (1524 mm–1,0 m ³)	1001195970	х	х	х	х	х	х
Bucket, 72 in–1.0 yd ³ (1829 mm–0,76 m ³)	1001100822	х	х	х	х	х	х
Bucket, 96 in–1.5 yd ³ (2438 mm–1,15 m ³)	1001100823	х	х	х	х	х	х
Bucket, 102 in–2.0 yd ³ (2590 mm–1,5 m ³)	1001100824	х	х	х	х	х	х
Grapple Bucket, 96 in–1.75 yd ³ (2438 mm–1,34 m ³)	0930020	х	х	х	х	х	х
Hook, Fork Mounted	1001097205	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Hook, Coupler Mounted	1001207606	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Trash Hopper, Fork Mounted	1001195082	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Truss Boom, 12 ft (3658 mm)	1001099902	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Truss Boom, 15 ft (4572 mm)	1001099901	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Truss Boom w/ Winch, 3 ft (914 mm)	1001100967	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Truss Boom w/ Winch, 12 ft (3658 mm)	1001099351	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Truss Boom, Adjustable, Fork Mounted	1001230241		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Material Handling Arm, 6.7–13.2 ft (2007–3941 mm)	1001176515	х	х	х	х	х	х
Platform, Fork Mounted (ASME)	1001103637	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Platform, Fork Mounted (ASME - French)	1001103736	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Platform, Fork Mounted (ISO)	1001103730	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sweeper	1001202904	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

5.6 TELEHANDLER/ATTACHMENT/FORK CAPACITY



Prior to installing attachment, verify it is approved and telehandler is equipped with proper capacity chart. See *"Approved Attachments"* on page 5-1.

To determine maximum capacity of telehandler and attachment, use the **smallest** of the following capacities:

- Capacity stamped on attachment identification plate (1).
- Fork capacities and load centers are stamped on the side of each fork (2) (if equipped). This rating specifies maximum load capacity that the individual fork can safely carry at maximum load center (3). Total attachment capacity is multiplied by number of forks on attachment (if equipped), up to maximum capacity of attachment.
- Maximum capacity as indicated on the proper capacity chart. See "Approved Attachments" on page 5-1.
- When load rating of telehandler differs from capacity of the forks or attachment, the lower value becomes the overall load capacity.

Use the proper capacity chart to determine maximum capacity at various machine configurations. Lifting and placing a load may require use of more than one capacity chart based on machine configuration.

Other than block forks, all forks should be used in matched pairs, block forks used in matched sets.

WARNING

Never use an attachment without the appropriate JLG approved capacity chart installed on the telehandler.

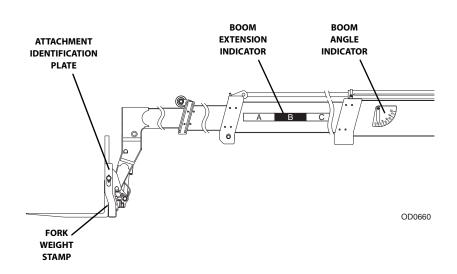
5.7 USE OF THE CAPACITY CHART

To properly use capacity chart (see page 5-12), operator must first determine and/or have the following:

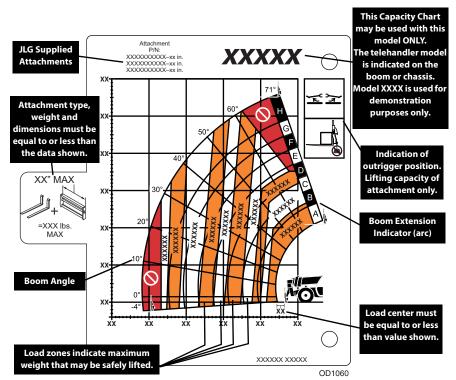
- 1. An approved attachment. See "Approved Attachments" on page 5-1.
- 2. Proper Capacity Chart(s).
- 3. Weight of load being lifted.
- 4. Load placement information:
 - a. HEIGHT where load is to be placed.
 - b. DISTANCE from front tires of telehandler where load is to be placed.
- 5. On capacity chart, find the line for height and follow it over to distance.
- 6. Number in load zone where the two cross is the maximum capacity for this lift. If the two cross at a division between zones, the smaller number must be used.

The number in load zone must be equal to or greater than weight of load to be lifted. Determine limits of load zone on capacity chart and keep within these limits.

Capacity Indicator Locations



Sample Capacity Chart



Note: This is sample capacity chart **only**! **DO NOT** use this chart, use the one located in your operator cab.

A WARNING

TIP OVER HAZARD. All loads shown on rated capacity chart are based on machine being on firm ground with frame level (see page 4-9 or 4-12); the forks being positioned evenly on carriage; the load being centered on forks; proper size tires being properly inflated; and the telehandler being in good operating condition.

To identify the proper capacity chart on telehandlers equipped with outriggers, refer to the following icons which may be located on the capacity chart.

- Use when lifting a load with outriggers up.
- Use when lifting a load with outriggers down.





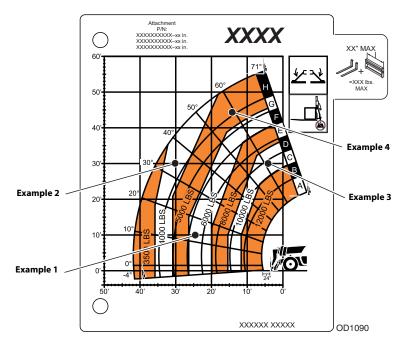
Example

A contractor owns a model xxxx telehandler with a fork carriage. The contractor knows this attachment may be used with his model since:

- The part number on the attachment identification plate matches the attachment part number on a capacity chart located in the operator cab.
- Attachment style, weight, dimensions and load center match the attachment data on the capacity chart.
- Capacity chart is clearly marked for model xxxx and corresponds with machine configuration being used.

Below are examples with various conditions the contractor may encounter and whether or not the load may be lifted.

	Load Weight	Distance	Height	OK to Lift
1	5750 lb (2608 kg)	25 ft (7,62 m)	10 ft (3 m)	Yes
2	4900 lb (2223 kg)	30 ft (9,2m)	30 ft (9,2 m)	NO
3	8100 lb (3674 kg)	5 ft (1,5 m)	30 ft (9,2 m)	Yes
4	5250lb (2381kg)	15ft (4,6 m)	45 ft (13,7 m)	NO

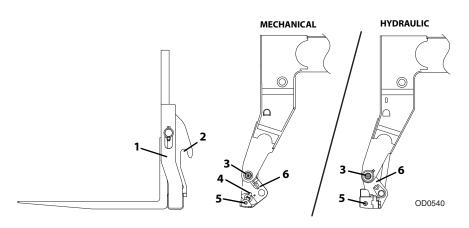


Note: This is a sample capacity chart **only**! **DO NOT** use this chart, use the one located in your operator cab.

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5.8 ATTACHMENT INSTALLATION

Coupler



- 1. Attachment
- 2. Attachment Pin Recess
- 3. Attachment Pin
- 4. Retainer Pin (mechanical coupler)
- 5. Lock Pin
- 6. Coupler (attachment tilt control in cab, see page 3-20)

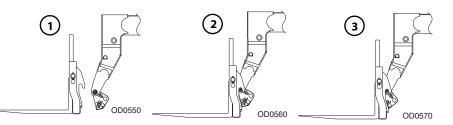
WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Always be certain that carriage or attachment is properly positioned on boom and is secured by lock pin and retainer pin. Failure to ensure proper installation could permit carriage/attachment/load to disengage.

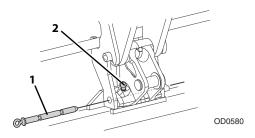
Section 5- Attachments

Mechanical Coupler

This installation procedure is designed for one-person operation. Prior to exiting cab, perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.



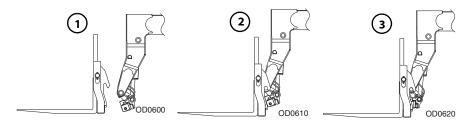
- 1. Tilt coupler back to provide clearance. Check to be sure lock pin is removed.
- **2.** Align attachment pin with recess in attachment. Raise boom slightly to engage attachment pin in recess.
- **3.** Tilt coupler forward to engage attachment.



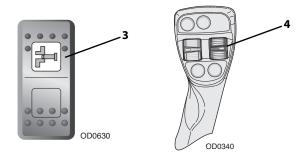
- **4.** Lift retainer pin (**2**) and insert lock pin (**1**) completely through coupler. Release retainer pin and ensure lock pin is secure.
- **5.** If attachment is equipped, connect auxiliary hydraulic hoses. See "Auxiliary Hydraulic Decompression" on page 5-18.
- 6. If equipped, connect auxiliary electric harness.

Hydraulic Coupler

This installation procedure is designed for one-person operation.



- 1. Tilt coupler back to provide clearance.
- **2.** Align attachment pin with recess in attachment. Raise boom slightly to engage attachment pin in recess.
- 3. Check to be sure lock pin is disengaged. Tilt coupler forward to engage attachment.



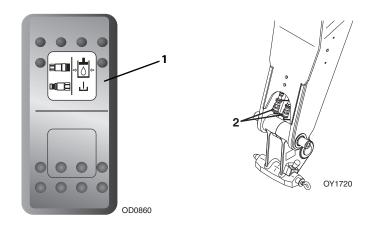
4. Press and hold the coupler switch (**3**) on left control panel. At the same time, press roller switch (**4**) up to engage lock pin. Press roller switch (**4**) down to disengage lock pin.



- **5.** Raise boom to eye level and visually check that lock pins protrude through holes on both sides of coupler. If lock pins do not protrude through holes, place attachment on ground and return to step 2.
- **6.** If attachment is equipped, connect auxiliary hydraulic hoses. See "Auxiliary Hydraulic Decompression" on page 5-18.
- 7. If equipped, connect auxiliary electric harness.

Section 5- Attachments

Auxiliary Hydraulic Decompression



- 1. With engine running and attachment installed and lowered to ground, press and hold auxiliary decompression switch (1) on right control panel for three seconds to relieve pressure at both auxiliary hydraulic fittings (2).
- 2. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 3. Attachment hoses may be connected or disconnected at both auxiliary hydraulic fittings.

5.9 ADJUSTING/MOVING FORKS

Carriages may have different locations where forks can be positioned. Two different methods can be used for repositioning, depending upon carriage structure.

Note: Apply a light coating of appropriate lubricant to ease sliding of forks or fork bar.

To slide forks:

- 1. Ensure attachment is properly installed. See "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.
- 2. If equipped, loosen fork locking bolt.
- 3. Elevate attachment to approximately 5 ft (1,5 m) and tilt carriage forward until fork heel is free from attachment.
- 4. Stand at side of carriage. To slide fork toward center of carriage, push fork near fork eye. To slide fork toward edge of carriage, pull fork near fork eye. To avoid pinching, do not place fingers or thumb between fork and carriage structure.
- 5. If equipped, tighten fork locking bolt.

If removing fork bar is necessary:

- 1. Rest forks on ground.
- 2. If equipped, loosen fork locking bolt.
- 3. Remove fork bar.
- 4. Reposition forks.
- 5. Reinstall the fork bar and fork bar retaining mechanism(s).
- 6. If equipped, tighten fork locking bolt.

5.10 ATTACHMENT OPERATION

- Capacities and range limits for telehandler change depending on attachment in use.
- Separate attachment instructions must be kept in manual holder in cab with this Operation & Safety Manual. An additional copy must be kept with attachment if it is equipped with a manual holder.

NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. Some attachments may contact front tires or machine structure when the boom is retracted and the attachment is rotated. Improper use of attachment may result in attachment or machine structural damage.

NOTICE

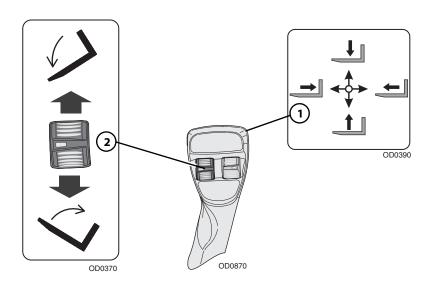
EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. Avoid contact with any structure or object when lifting a load. Maintain clearance around boom structure and load. Failure to maintain clearance may result in attachment or machine structural damage.

Carriage with Forks



Use Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom.

Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

Installation Procedure:

Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

- Do not use forks as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage forks or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to lift loads that are attached or connected to another object.

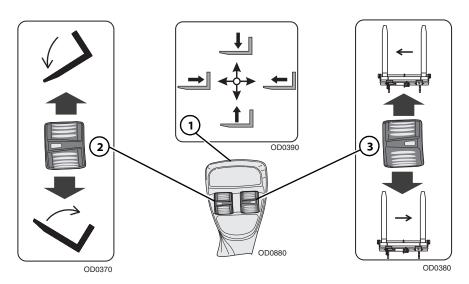
Side Shift Carriage



Use Side Shift Carriage Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.





Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

To Side Shift:

Roller switch (3) controls carriage side shift.

- Press roller switch down to shift right.
- Press roller switch up to shift Left.

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.



CRUSH HAZARD. Do not use side shift to push or pull objects or load. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

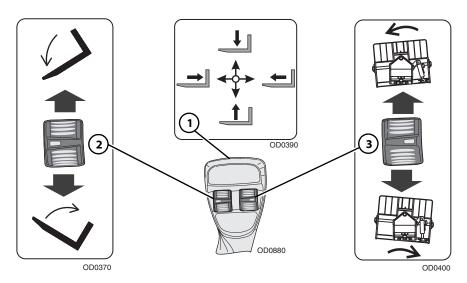
- Do not use forks as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage forks or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to lift loads that are attached or connected to another object.

Side Tilt Carriage



Use Side Tilt Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

To Side Tilt:

Roller switch (3) controls carriage side tilt.

- Press roller switch down to side tilt right.
- Press roller switch up to side tilt left.

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

A WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Do not use side tilt to push or pull objects or load. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

Operation:

- Approach load with forks centered on load and stop telehandler.
- Level telehandler before side tilting carriage to engage load.
- Side tilt carriage to left or right to align forks with load and engage load.
- Raise load slightly and level carriage side to side.
- Travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.

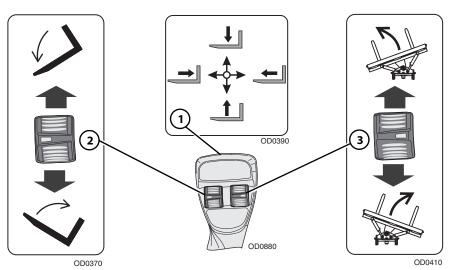
- Do not use forks as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage forks or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to lift loads that are attached or connected to another object.

Swing Carriage

OU2150

Use Swing Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

To Swing:

Roller switch (3) controls carriage swing.

- Press roller switch down to swing right.
- Press roller switch up to swing left.

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

CRUSH HAZARD. Always level forks (horizontally) and telehandler frame before swinging load to side. Swinging unlevel forks could cause load to slide off forks.

A WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Do not use swing carriage to push or pull objects or load. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Use retaining pin (if equipped) for locking swing frame to fixed frame when carrying loads greater than 5000 lb (2268 kg). Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

Operation:

• To drive with a load, keep forks pointed forward and travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.

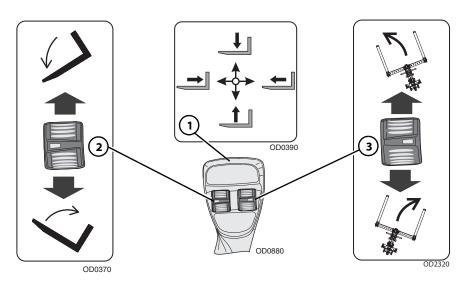
- Do not use forks as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage forks or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to lift loads that are attached or connected to another object.

Drywall Swing Carriage



Use Drywall Swing Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart.

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom.

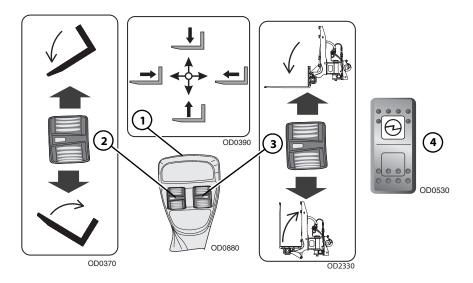
Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

To Swing:

Roller switch (3) controls carriage swing.

- Press roller switch down to swing right.
- Press roller switch up to swing left.



To Fork Tilt:

Press Auxiliary Electric Switch (4) on Right Control Panel to activate fork tilt function. Roller switch (3) controls fork tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

Installation Procedure:

Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.



CRUSH HAZARD. Always level forks (horizontally) and telehandler frame before swinging load to side. Swinging unlevel forks could cause load to slide off forks.

A WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Do not use swing carriage to push or pull objects or load. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

Section 5- Attachments

Operation:

- To drive with a load, keep forks pointed forward and travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.
- Use a signal person to assist in positioning of load if necessary.

- Do not use forks as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage forks or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to lift loads that are attached or connected to another object.

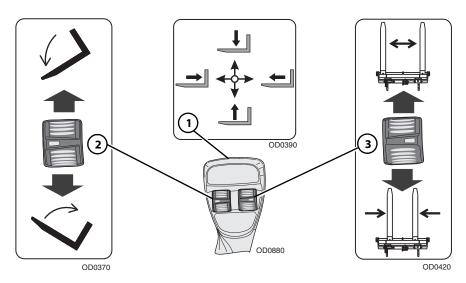
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Dual Fork Positioning Carriage



Use Dual Fork Positioning Carriage Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

To Fork Position:

Roller switch (3) controls fork position.

- Press roller switch down to shift forks in.
- Press roller switch up to shift forks out.

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

A WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Do not use fork positioning to push or pull objects or load. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

Operation:

• Travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.

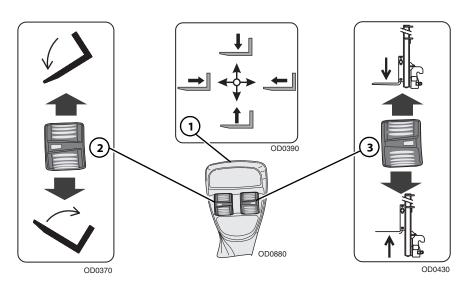
- Do not use forks as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage forks or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to lift loads that are attached or connected to another object.

Mast Carriage



Use Mast Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

To Raise/Lower Mast:

Roller switch (3) controls raise/lower movement of mast.

- Press roller switch down to raise.
- Press roller switch up to lower.

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

A WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Do not use mast to push or pull objects or load. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

Operation:

- Always lower forks fully in mast before engaging load.
- To drive with a load, lower forks fully in mast and travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.
- Use a signal person to assist in positioning of load if necessary.

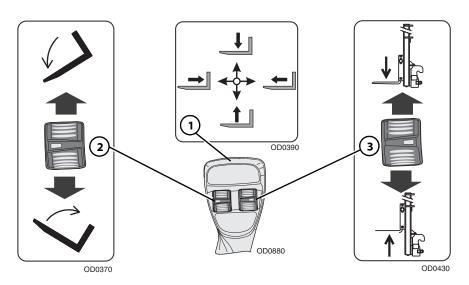
- Do not use forks as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage forks or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to lift loads that are attached or connected to another object.

Side Tilt Mast Carriage



Use Mast Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

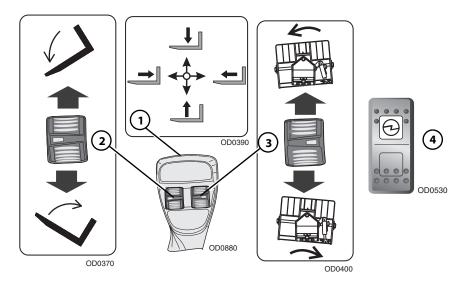
Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

To Raise/Lower Mast:

Roller switch (3) controls raise/lower movement of mast.

- Press roller switch down to raise.
- Press roller switch up to lower.



To Side Tilt:

Press Auxiliary Electric Switch (4) on Right Control Panel to activate side tilt function. Roller switch (3) controls carriage side tilt.

- Press roller switch down to (side) tilt right.
- Press roller switch up to (side) tilt left.

Installation Procedure:

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.



CRUSH HAZARD. Do not use mast to push or pull objects or load. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

Operation:

- Always lower forks fully in mast before engaging load.
- To drive with a load, lower forks fully in mast and travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.
- Use a signal person to assist in positioning of load if necessary.

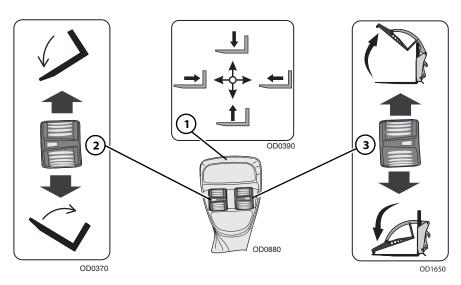
- Do not use forks as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage forks or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to lift loads that are attached or connected to another object.

Pipe Grapple



Use Pipe Grapple Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom.

Roller switch (2) controls pipe grapple tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

To Open/Close Pipe Grapple:

Roller switch (3) controls the open/close movement of the pipe grapple.

- Press roller switch down to close grapple.
- Press roller switch up to open grapple.

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

Operation:

- Raise or lower boom to appropriate height and open pipe grapple for loading material.
- Align and center telehandler with face of material.
- Drive slowly and smoothly into material for loading. Boom extension may be required for loading material.
- Center load on forks, tilt forks up far enough to retain load, close pipe grapple and back away.
- Travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.
- Open pipe grapple and unload material from forks.

- Except for lifting or unloading material, the boom must be fully retracted for all operations.
- Do not use forks as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage forks or machine structure.
- Do not use pipe grapple as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage pipe grapple or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to load material which is hard or frozen. This could cause severe damage to coupler or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to lift loads that are attached or connected to another object.

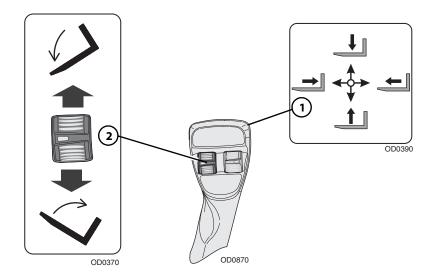
Section 5- Attachments

Fork Extension



Use Appropriate Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10. The maximum capacity of the carriage when equipped with fork extensions may be reduced to the capacity indicated on the fork extensions. If the load exceeds the capacity of the fork extension, contact JLG to obtain forks and/or fork extensions of the proper load rating and length.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

- Ensure carriage is properly installed. Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.
- Ensure length and cross section of the parent fork arm is equal to or exceeds the parent fork arm blade length stamped into the fork extension.
- Secure the fork extensions to the forks by sliding the fork extensions onto the parent forks and install the retaining pin behind the vertical shank of the fork.

Operation:

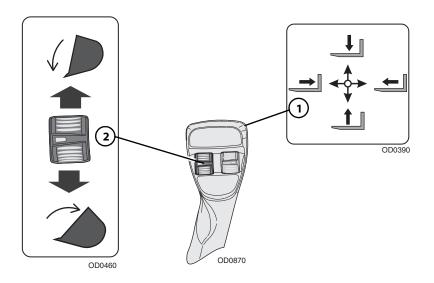
- Heavy part of load must be against carriage backrest.
- Do not allow load center of gravity to be in front of tip of the supporting fork.
- Do not pick up a load or pry materials with tip of fork extensions.

Bucket



Use Appropriate Bucket Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls bucket tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

Operation:

- Raise or lower boom to appropriate height for loading material from stockpile.
- Align telehandler with face of stockpile and drive slowly and smoothly into pile to load bucket.
- Tilt bucket up far enough to retain load and back away from pile.
- Travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.
- Tilt bucket down to dump load.

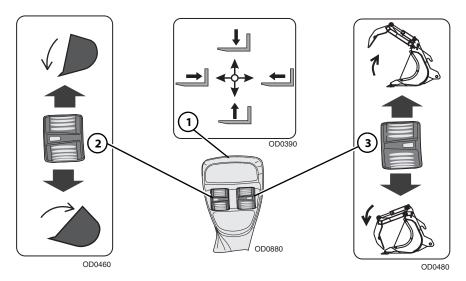
- Except for lifting or dumping a load, the boom must be fully retracted for all bucket operations.
- Do not corner-load bucket. Distribute material evenly within the bucket. Bucket capacity charts are for evenly distributed loads only.
- Do not use bucket as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage bucket or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to load material which is hard or frozen. This could cause severe damage to coupler or machine structure.
- Do not use bucket for "back dragging." This could cause severe damage to coupler and retraction cables/chains.

Grapple Bucket



Use Grapple Bucket Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls grapple bucket tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

To Open/Close Grapple:

Roller switch (3) controls the open/close movement of the grapple.

- Press roller switch down to close grapple.
- Press roller switch up to open grapple.

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

Operation:

- Raise or lower boom to appropriate height and open grapple for loading material from stockpile.
- Align telehandler with face of stockpile and drive slowly and smoothly into pile to load bucket.
- Tilt bucket up far enough to retain load, close grapple and back away from pile.
- Travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.
- Open grapple and tilt bucket down to dump load.

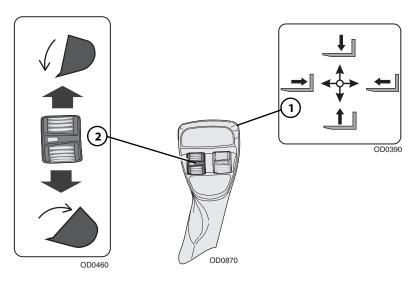
- Except for lifting or dumping a load, the boom must be fully retracted for all bucket operations.
- Do not corner-load bucket. Distribute material evenly within the bucket. Bucket capacity charts are for evenly distributed loads only.
- Do not use bucket as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage bucket or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to load material which is hard or frozen. This could cause severe damage to coupler or machine structure.
- Do not use bucket for "back dragging." This could cause severe damage to coupler and retraction cables/chains.

Bucket - Fork Mounted



Use Appropriate Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls bucket tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

- Ensure carriage is properly installed. Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.
- Secure the fork mounted bucket to the forks by sliding the fork mounted bucket onto the parent forks and install the retaining pin behind the vertical shank of the fork.

Operation:

- Raise or lower boom to appropriate height for loading material from stockpile.
- Align telehandler with face of stockpile and drive slowly and smoothly into pile to load bucket.
- Tilt bucket up far enough to retain load and back away from pile.
- Travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.
- Tilt bucket down to dump load.
- Fork mounted bucket weight must be included as part of total load being lifted.
- Do not use with mast carriage attachment.
- Do not use fork mounted bucket with attachments capable of rotating (i.e. side tilt and swing carriages) without disabling the rotation feature(s).

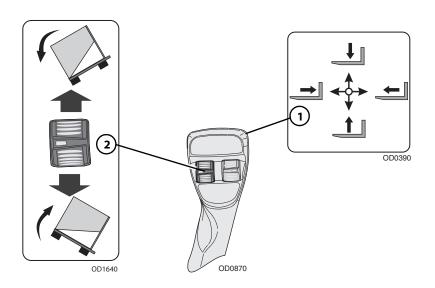
- Except for lifting or dumping a load, the boom must be fully retracted for all bucket operations.
- Do not corner-load bucket. Distribute material evenly within the bucket. Capacity charts are for evenly distributed loads only.
- Do not use bucket as a lever to pry material. Excessive prying forces could damage bucket or machine structure.
- Do not attempt to load material which is hard or frozen. This could cause severe damage to coupler or machine structure.
- Do not use bucket for "back dragging." This could cause severe damage to coupler and retraction cables/chains.

Trash Hopper - Fork Mounted



Use Appropriate Trash Hopper Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls trash hopper tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

- Ensure carriage is properly installed. Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.
- Secure the fork mounted trash hopper to the forks by sliding the fork mounted trash hopper onto the parent forks and install the retaining pin behind the vertical shank of the fork.

Operation:

- Raise or lower boom to appropriate height for loading material.
- Travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.
- To release gate, tilt fork mounted trash hopper down approximately 10 degrees and engage bottom bumper on edge of dumpster. The gate will open allowing the contents to slide out.
- Tilt fork mounted trash hopper back to close and secure the gate.
- Do not use with mast carriage attachment.
- Do not use fork mounted trash hopper with attachments capable of rotating (i.e. side tilt carriages) without disabling the rotation feature(s).

Equipment Damage Precautions

• Except for lifting or dumping a load, the boom must be fully retracted for all fork mounted trash hopper operations.

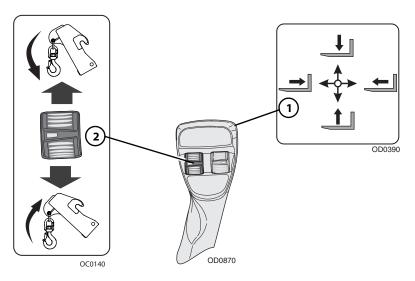
Coupler Mounted Hook



Use Appropriate Coupler Mounted Hook Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.

Suspend loads in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls coupler mounted hook tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

Operation:

• Weight of rigging must be included as part of total load being lifted.

Section 5- Attachments

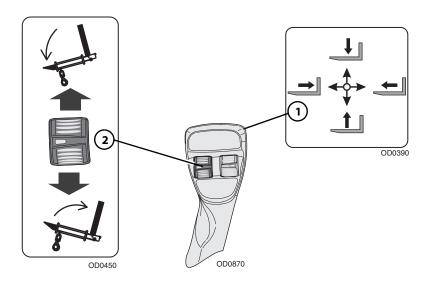
Fork Mounted Hook



Use Appropriate Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.

Suspend loads in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

- Ensure carriage is properly installed. Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.
- Secure the fork mounted hook to the forks by sliding the fork mounted hook onto the parent forks and install the retaining pin behind the vertical shank of the fork.

Operation:

- Pallet or lumber forks of an appropriate load rating must be used. Do not use with cubing or block forks.
- Fork mounted hook and rigging weight must be included as part of total load being lifted.
- Do not use with mast carriage attachment.
- Do not use fork mounted hook with attachments capable of rotating (i.e. side tilt and swing carriages) without disabling the rotation feature(s).

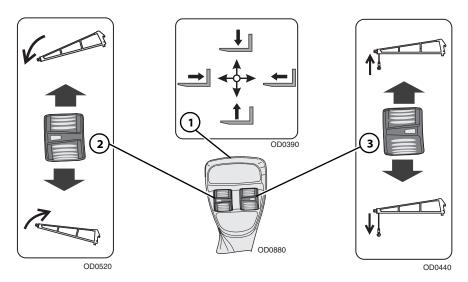
Truss Boom



Use Appropriate Truss Boom Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.

Suspend loads in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls truss boom tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

Winch Control (if equipped):

Roller switch (3) controls truss boom mounted winch.

- Press roller switch down to lower cable.
- Press roller switch up to raise cable.

Installation Procedures

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

CRUSH HAZARD. Maintain a minimum of three wraps of wire rope on the cable drum at all times. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

Operation:

• Weight of rigging must be included as part of total load being lifted.

Section 5- Attachments

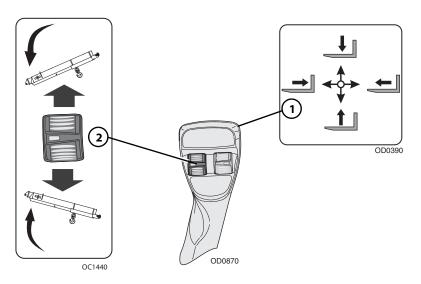
Adjustable Truss Boom - Fork Mounted



Use Appropriate Adjustable Truss Boom Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.

Suspend loads in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom.

Roller switch (2) controls adjustable truss boom tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

Installation Procedures

- Ensure carriage is properly installed. Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.
- Secure the adjustable truss boom to the forks by sliding the adjustable truss boom onto the parent forks and install the retaining pin behind the vertical shank of the fork.

WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Ensure adjustable arm is properly secured using the retaining pin prior to lifting load. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

Operation:

- Pallet or lumber forks of an appropriate load rating must be used. Do not use with cubing or block forks.
- Weight of rigging must be included as part of total load being lifted.
- Do not use with mast carriage attachment.
- Do not use adjustable truss boom with attachments capable of rotating (i.e. side tilt and swing carriages) without disabling the rotation feature(s).

Section 5- Attachments

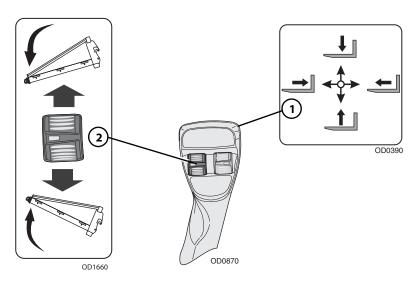
Material Handling Arm



Use Appropriate Material Handling Arm Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.

Suspend loads in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom.

Roller switch (2) controls material handling arm tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

Installation Procedures

- Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.
- Secure adjustable arm in desired position using the retaining pin.



CRUSH HAZARD. Ensure adjustable arm is properly secured using the retaining pin prior to lifting load. Failure to comply could cause object or load to fall.

Operation:

• Weight of rigging must be included as part of total load being lifted.

Personnel Work Platform - Fork Mounted

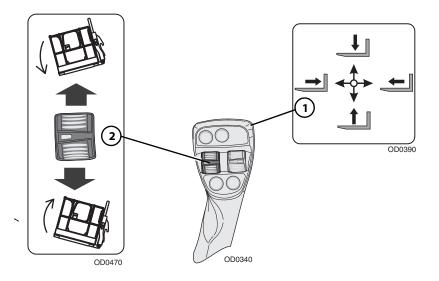


For fork mounted platforms utilized on machines built to the B56.6-2011 Standard or older, use Appropriate Carriage Attachment Capacity Chart

For fork mounted platforms utilized on machines built to the B56.6-2016 Standard, use Fork Mounted Platform Attachment Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.

The operator and personnel in platform must read and understand the separate personnel work platform manual prior to installing and using a platform.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom Roller switch (2) controls platform tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

Installation Procedure:

- Ensure carriage is properly installed. Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.
- Secure the fork mounted platform to the forks by sliding the fork mounted platform onto the parent forks and install the retaining pin behind the vertical shank of the fork.

Preparation and Setup:

- 1. Ensure the telehandler is on a firm surface and is level.
- 2. Engage the park brake. Blocking the wheels is also recommended.
- 3. Level the platform, both side to side (frame level) and front to back (attachment tilt).
- 4. Keep area under platform free from personnel.
- 5. When personnel are on platform, the operator must remain seated in cab with personnel in direct line of sight.
- 6. **DO NOT** lift or carry persons in a bucket or on forks.

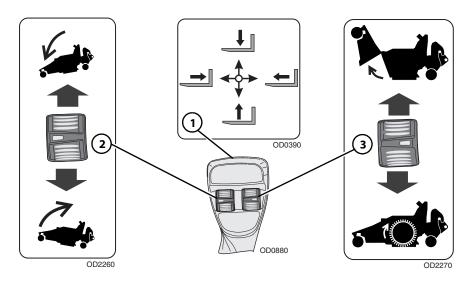
FALL HAZARD. Never tilt the platform forward, rearward, or level the machine when the platform is occupied.

Sweeper



Use Sweeper Capacity Chart.

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom

Roller switch (2) controls sweeper tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.n.

Sweeper Control:

Roller Switch (3) controls the sweeper.

- Press roller switch down to close hopper and engage sweeper brushes.
- Press roller switch up to open hopper.

Installation Procedure:

• Refer to "Attachment Installation" on page 5-15.

A WARNING

CRUSH HAZARD. Remove large objects in path of sweeper before operating. Failure to comply could cause object to be thrown by sweeper.

Operation:

- Fully retract boom and lower until all four sweeper wheels are in contact with the ground.
- Operate roller switch (3) to engage sweeper brushes.
- Sweep a path less than the width of the sweeper.
- Travel in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.
- To empty hopper, raise sweeper over desired dump area ensuring proper clearance. Operate roller switch (3) to open the hopper allowing the contents to slide out. Close the hopper after all contents are removed.

Equipment Damage Precautions

- Except for emptying hopper, the boom must be fully retracted for all sweeper operations.
- Avoid excessive downward pressure on brushes when sweeping.
- Do not store sweeper with weight on brushes. Place on blocks or storage stands.

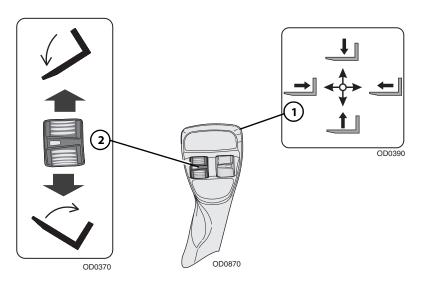
Boom Mounted Lifting Lug



Use Boom Mounted Lifting Lug Capacity Chart

To determine maximum capacity, refer to *"Telehandler/Attachment/ Fork Capacity"* on page 5-10.

Suspend loads in accordance with requirements set forth in Section 1- General Safety Practices.



Joystick (1) controls movement of the boom.

Roller switch (2) controls carriage tilt.

- Press roller switch down to tilt up.
- Press roller switch up to tilt down.

A WARNING

TIP OVER HAZARD. No load may be on attachment when lifting load with boom mounted lifting lug. Failure to comply could cause tip over.

Operation:

• Weight of rigging must be included as part of total load being lifted.

SECTION 6 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

6.1 TOWING A DISABLED PRODUCT

The following information assumes telehandler cannot be moved under its own power.

- Before moving the telehandler, read all of the following information to understand options available. Then select the appropriate method.
- Machine mounted retrieval devices provide suitable means to attach a tow rope, chain or tow bar only in the event the telehandler becomes stuck or disabled.
- Retrieval devices are not intended for on-road trailer towing applications.
- The steering system permits manual steering if engine or power assist feature fails; however, steering will be slow and will require much greater force.
- **DO NOT** attempt to tow a telehandler that is loaded or the boom/attachment is raised above 4 ft (1,2 m).

Moving Short Distances

• If it is only necessary to move telehandler a short distance, less than 30 m (100 ft), it is permissible to use a vehicle of sufficient capacity to tow the unit with no previous preparation.

Moving Longer Distance

- See Service Manual for information.
- Dependant on local regulations the appropriate machine Service Manual should be kept in the cab at all times.

Contact the local dealer for specific instructions if neither of these methods are applicable.

6.2 EMERGENCY LOWERING OF BOOM

In the event of total loss of engine power or hydraulic pump failure with an elevated load, the situation must be properly evaluated and dealt with on an individual basis. **Contact the local dealer for specific instructions.**

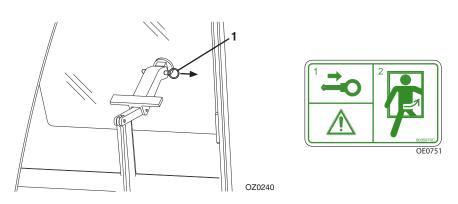
Secure the telehandler using the following procedures:

- 1. If equipped with platform attachment, rescue platform occupants.
- 2. Clear the area around telehandler of all personnel.
- 3. Apply the parking brake. Place the transmission in "NEUTRAL".
- 4. Block all four wheels.
- 5. Section off a large area under the boom to restrict any personnel from entering this area.
- 6. See Service Manual for information.

6.3 EMERGENCY EXIT FROM ENCLOSED CAB

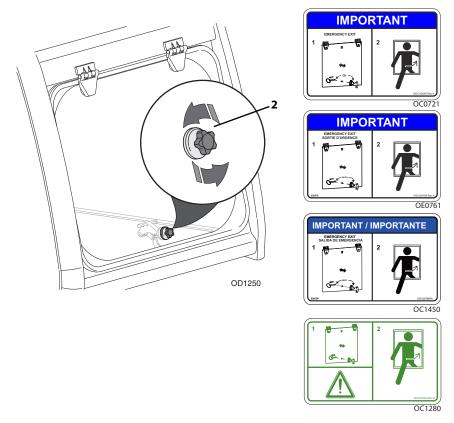
In an emergency the rear window can be used to exit the telehandler.

Inside Cab



• Remove the latch pin (1). The window is then free to swing open.

Outside Cab (if equipped)

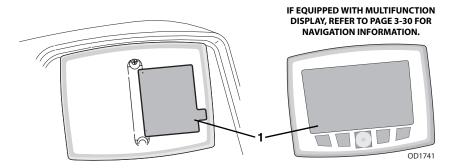


• Remove the knob (2) securing window. The window is then free to swing open.

SECTION 7 - LUBRICATION AND MAINTENANCE

7.1 INTRODUCTION

This section is intended as information to assist the operator to perform maintenance tasks only. Service product in accordance with maintenance schedule on the following pages.



Lubrication and maintenance charts (1) contain instructions that must be followed to keep this product in good operating condition. Operation & Safety Manual and Service Manual contain more detailed service information with specific instructions. If equipped with Multifunction Display, refer to page 3-30 for navigation information.

Clothing and Safety Gear

- Wear all protective clothing and personal safety devices issued to you or called for by job conditions
- DO NOT wear loose clothing or jewelry that can get caught on controls or moving parts

7.2 GENERAL MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

Prior to performing any service or maintenance on the telehandler, follow the shut-down procedure on page 4-5 unless otherwise instructed. Ensure telehandler is level, for proper fluid readings.

- Clean lubrication fittings before lubricating.
- After greasing telehandler, cycle all functions several times to distribute lubricants. Perform this maintenance procedure without attachment installed.
- Apply a light coating of engine oil to all linkage pivot points.
- Intervals shown are for normal usage and conditions. Adjust intervals for abnormal usage and conditions.
- Check all lubricant levels when lubricant is cool, with the exception of the transmission fluid. For ease of filling hydraulic reservoir, use a funnel with a hose or flexible tube for best results.

WARNING

CUT/CRUSH/BURN HAZARD. Do not perform service or maintenance on the machine with engine running with the exception of transmission fluid level check.

7.3 MAINTENANCE SCHEDULES

Note: If hour and year intervals are listed, perform maintenance at interval that occurs first.

Every 10 Hours



Check Fuel Level



Check Hydraulic Oil Level



Drain Fuel/Water Separator

First 50 Hours





Check Transmission Oil Level



Check Engine Coolant Level



Check Brake Fluid Level



Check DEF Level (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP)



Additional Checks (see Section 8)



Check Engine Oil Level



Check Air Cleaner



Check Wheel Lug Nut Torque



Check Boom Chain Tension

Every 50 Hours







Lubrication Schedule

Check Washer Fluid

Check Cab Filter

First 250 Hours





Change Axle Oil

Change Wheel End Oil



Change Transfer Case Fluid



Change Transmission Fluid and Filter

Every 250 Hours



Lubrication Schedule



Check Axle Oil Level



Check Boom

Chains

OC1130

Check Wheel End

Oil Level

 ∇



Check Boom Wear Pads



Check Transfer Case Fluid Level

First 500 Hours



Change Engine Oil and Filter (if equipped for ULS)

Every 500 Hours



Check Battery



Check Fan Belt



Check Wheel Lug Nut Torque



Change Engine Oil and Filter (if equipped for LS)



Check RAS System

Every 750 Hours

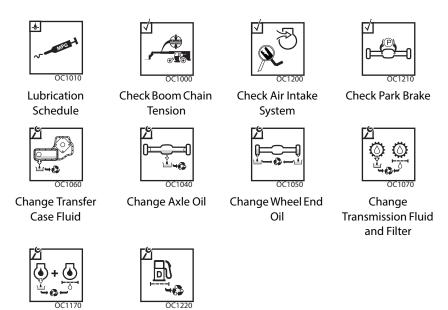


Change Hydraulic Tank Breather



Change Hydraulic Filters

Every 1000 Hours



Change Engine Oil and Filter (if equipped for ULS, see note)

Change Fuel Filters

Note: If using fully synthetic oil, metal engine oil filter and fuel consumption is less than 11.4 liter per hour (3 gallon per hour), oil change intervals are 1,000 hours or 1 year. If any of the following are present, conventional oil, plastic engine oil filter or fuel consumption is greater than 11.4 liter per hour (3 gallon per hour), oil change intervals are 500 hours or 6 months.

Every 1500 Hours



Change Hydraulic Fluid and Filters

Every 2000 Hours





Clean Engine DEF Strainer (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP) Change DEF Tank Filter (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP)

Every 4000 Hours



Change DEF Pump Filter (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP)

Every 5000 Hours

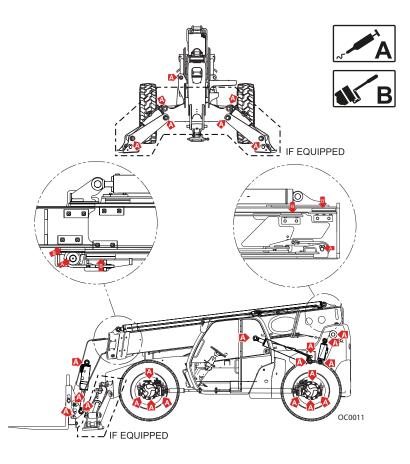


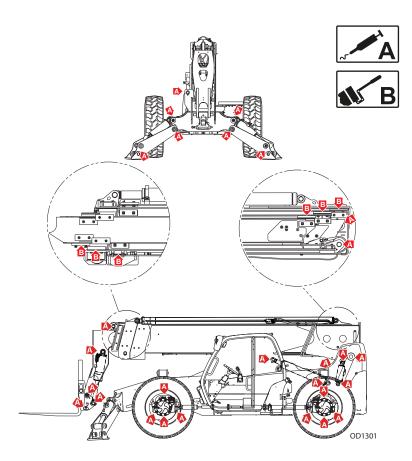
Engine Valve Lash Adjustment

7.4 LUBRICATION SCHEDULES

Every 50 Hours

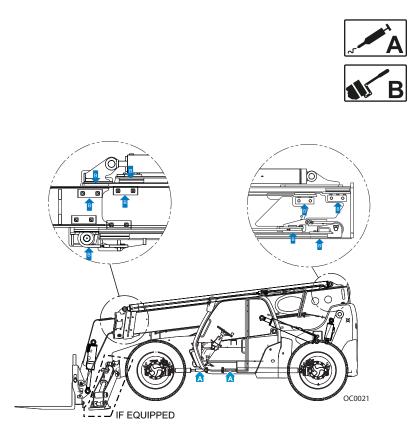
642, 742, 943 & 1043



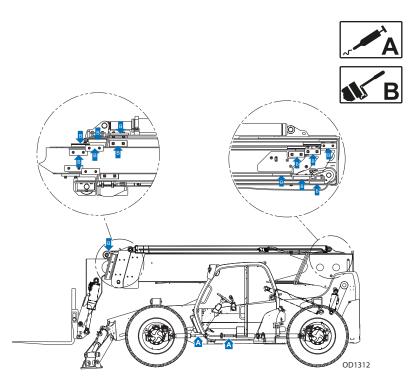


Every 250 Hours

642, 742, 943 & 1043

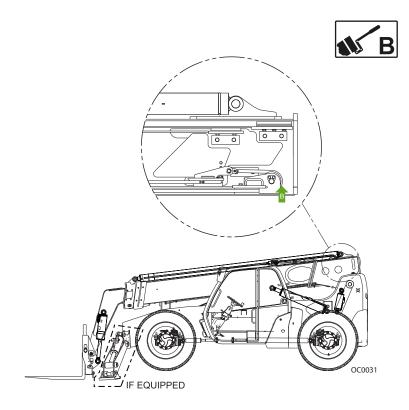


1055 & 1255

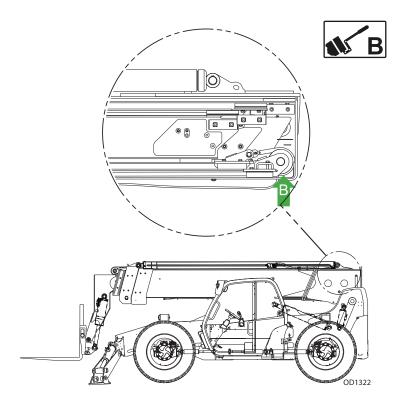


Every 1000 Hours

642, 742, 943 & 1043



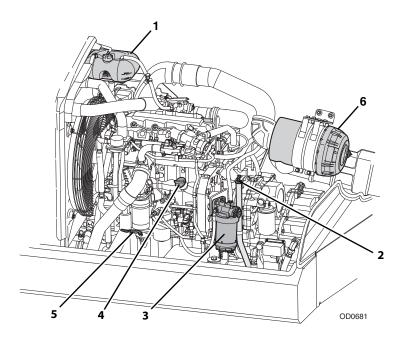
1055 & 1255



7.5 OPERATOR MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

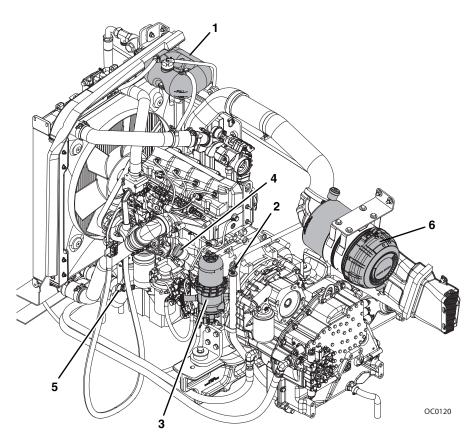
Engine Maintenance Components

If Equipped for ULS



- 1. Surge Tank: See page 7-28.
- 2. Transmission Fluid Dipstick: See page 7-24.
- 3. Primary Fuel Filter: See page 7-16.
- 4. Engine Oil Cap: See page 7-19.
- 5. Engine Oil Dipstick: See page 7-19.
- 6. Air Cleaner: See page 7-20.

If Equipped for LS

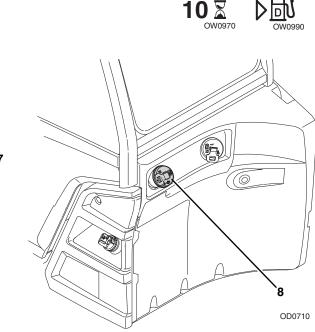


- 1. Surge Tank: See page 7-28.
- 2. Transmission Oil Dipstick: See page 7-24.
- 3. Primary Fuel Filter: See page 7-16.
- 4. Engine Oil Cap: See page 7-19.
- 5. Engine Oil Dipstick: See page 7-19.
- 6. Air Cleaner: See page 7-20.

Fuel System

A. Fuel Level Check





- 1. Check Fuel Gauge (7) located in right side of Instrument Panel in cab.
- 2. If fuel is low, proceed to fuel source and perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 3. Turn fuel tank cap (8) to remove from filler neck.
- 4. Add fuel as needed.
- 5. Replace fuel tank cap.

Note: Replenish diesel fuel at end of each work shift to minimize condensation.

NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. Do not allow machine to run out of fuel during operation. See Engine Operation & Maintenance Manual for details prior to servicing.

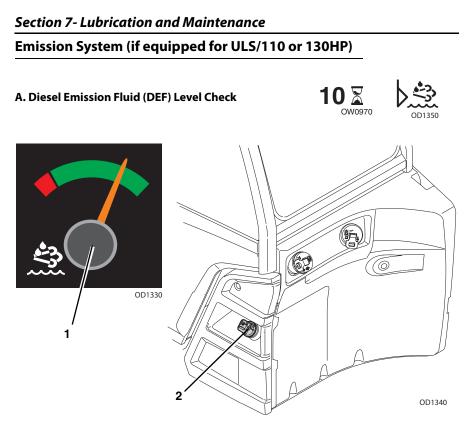
B. Drain Fuel/Water Separator





IF EQUIPPED FOR ULS IF EQUIPP

- 1. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 2. Open engine cover.
- 3. Loosen drain cock (2) on underside of fuel filter (1) and allow all water to drain into a glass until clear fuel is visible. Tighten drain cock.
- 4. Close and secure engine cover.



- 1. Check Diesel Emission Fluid (DEF) Gauge (1) located in right side of Instrument Panel in cab.
- 2. If DEF is low, proceed to DEF source and perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 3. Turn DEF tank cap (2) to remove.
- 4. Add DEF as needed.
- 5. Replace DEF tank cap.

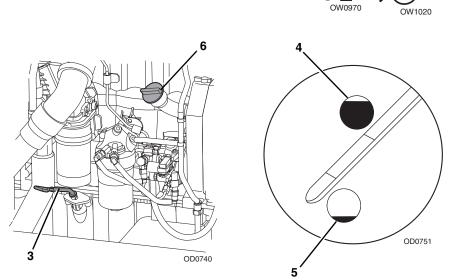
Note: If DEF level becomes too low, system derate and/or idle-lock may occur.

NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. Do not allow machine to run out of Diesel Emission Fluid (DEF) during operation. See the Engine Operation & Maintenance Manual for details prior to servicing.

Engine Oil

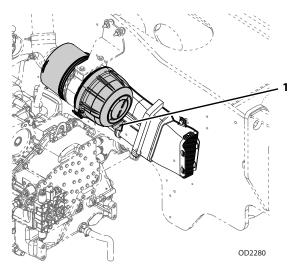
A. Engine Oil Level Check



- 1. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 2. Open engine cover.
- 3. Remove dipstick (3) and check oil mark. Oil should be between full (4) and add (5) marks of dipstick.
- 4. Replace dipstick.
- 5. If oil is low, remove oil fill cap (**6**) and add oil to bring oil up to full mark in crosshatch area.
- 6. Replace oil fill cap.
- 7. Close and secure engine cover.

Air Intake System

A. Air Cleaner Check



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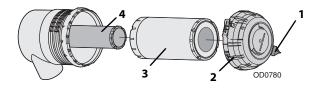
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- 1. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 2. Open engine cover.
- 3. Remove dust from vacuator valve (1) by squeezing bottom of valve to allow loose particles to fall out.
- 4. Close and secure engine cover.

NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. Only remove air cleaner cover to service elements. Excessive access to check elements can lead to premature element and/or engine failure.

B. Element Change



Note: Change elements as air cleaner restriction indicator indicates or every two years. Use the interval that occurs first.

- 1. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 2. Open engine cover.
- 3. Unlock air cleaner cover (2) and remove from air cleaner.
- 4. Remove outer primary element (3). Inspect element for damage then discard.
- 5. Thoroughly clean interior of air cleaner canister and vacuator valve (1).
- 6. Replace inner safety element (4) every third primary element change or if primary element was found to be damaged. If replacing inner safety element at this time, carefully slide element out and replace with new element.
- 7. Slide new primary element over inner safety element making sure sealing edge is flush with base of air cleaner.
- 8. Position air cleaner cover in place and lock into position.
- 9. Close and secure engine cover.

Note: Elements should never be washed or reused. Always install new elements.

NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. Primary and safety elements are required to be replaced if used in an application longer than two years regardless of hours of operation.

Tires

A. Tire Air Pressure Check





- 1. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 2. Remove valve stem cap.
- 3. Check tire pressure.
- 4. Add air if required. See page 9-6 for tire pressures.
- 5. Replace valve stem cap.

B. Tire Damage

For pneumatic tires, when any cut, rip or tear is discovered that exposes sidewall or tread area cords in the tire, measures be taken to remove the product from service immediately. Arrangements must be made for replacement of the tire or tire assembly.

For polyurethane foam filled tires, when any of the following are discovered, measures must be taken to remove the product from service immediately. Arrangements must be made for replacement of the tire or tire assembly.

- Smooth even cut through the cord plies which exceeds 3 in (7,5 cm) in total length
- Any tears or rips (ragged edges) in cord plies which exceeds 1 in (2,5 cm) in any direction
- Any punctures which exceed 1 in (2,5 cm) in diameter

If a tire is damaged but within above noted criteria, tire must be inspected daily to ensure damage has not propagated beyond allowable criteria.

C. Tire and Wheel Replacement

It is recommended that a replacement tire to be same size, ply, inflation medium and brand as originally installed. Refer to appropriate parts manual for ordering information. If not using an approved replacement tire, replacement tires must have the following characteristics:

- Equal or greater ply/load rating and size of original
- Tire tread contact width equal or greater than original
- Wheel diameter, width and offset dimensions equal to the original
- Approved for application by tire manufacturer (including inflation pressure and maximum tire load)

Due to size variations between tire brands, when selecting and installing a replacement tire ensure both tires on the axle are the same.

Section 7- Lubrication and Maintenance

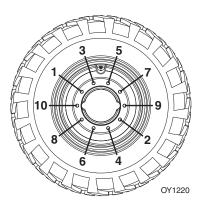
The rims installed have been designed for stability requirements which consist of track width, tire pressure and load capacity. Size changes such as rim width, center piece location, larger or smaller diameter, etc., without written factory recommendations, may result in unsafe condition regarding stability.

D. Wheel Installation

Torque lug nuts after first 50 hours and after each wheel installation.

Note: If machine is equipped with directional tire assemblies, wheel and tire assemblies must be installed with directional tread pattern "arrows" facing in direction of forward travel.

1. Start all nuts by hand to prevent cross threading. DO NOT use a lubricant on threads or nuts.

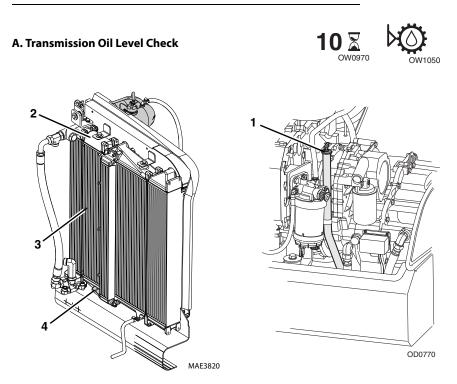


2. Tighten lug nuts in an alternating pattern as indicated in figure. See page 9-6 for torque value.

A WARNING

TIP OVER HAZARD. Lug nuts must be installed and maintained at the proper torque to prevent loose wheels, broken studs and possible separation of wheel from the axle.

Transmission Oil



Note: Final transmission oil level must always be checked with engine at idle and transmission oil at operating temperature (minimum 80°C/176°F).

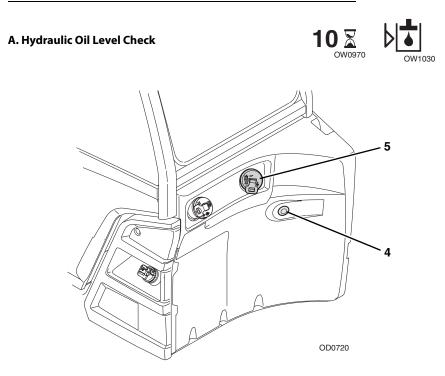
- 1. Start machine on a firm, level surface, level machine, fully retract boom, lower boom, place transmission in (N) Neutral, engage park brake and run engine at idle.
- 2. Open engine cover.
- 3. Remove transmission dipstick (1) and check oil level. The cold oil level after 2-3 minutes of idle must be above the HOT MIN line.

Note: Depending on the amount of fluid remaining in the transmission oil cooler, the oil level may read substantially above the HOT oil top level mark at this time. The correct oil level can be obtained after the transmission fluid is at operating temperature.

- 4. If oil is low, add oil as required.
- 5. Replace transmission dipstick.
- 6. Close and secure engine cover.
- 7. Ensure the front of the machine is clear of persons or obstacles.
- 8. Apply the service brake and disengage the park brake. Place the Transmission in (F) Forward at 4th gear.

- 9. Stall the transmission against service brake at full throttle a maximum of 60 seconds. If transmission temperature icon illuminates, go to step 12.
- 10. Allow engine to run at idle for 30 seconds.
- 11. Repeat steps 9 and 10 three more times or until the transmission temperature icon illuminates.
- 12. Place the transmission in (N) Neutral and apply the park brake. Allow the engine to run at idle for 30 seconds.
- 13. Open engine cover.
- 14. Verify that top (2) of transmission oil cooler (3) is warm to determine that the bypass valve (4) has closed and oil is circulating through the cooler. If the top of the transmission oil cooler is not warm, repeat steps 6 thru 10.
- 15. Remove transmission dipstick (1) and check oil level. The oil level should be in the HOT zone.
- 16. Add oil as required.
- 17. Replace transmission dipstick.
- 18. Close and secure engine cover.
- 19. Shut engine off.

Hydraulic Oil



- 1. Be sure all cylinders are fully retracted, outriggers (if equipped) are fully raised and machine is level.
- 2. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 3. Allow hydraulic oil to cool. Check fluid level at sight gauge (4). Oil level should be visible in gauge window.
- 4. Remove fill cap (5). Add fluid to bring oil up to the center of the sight gauge.
- 5. Replace hydraulic oil fill cap.

Brake Fluid

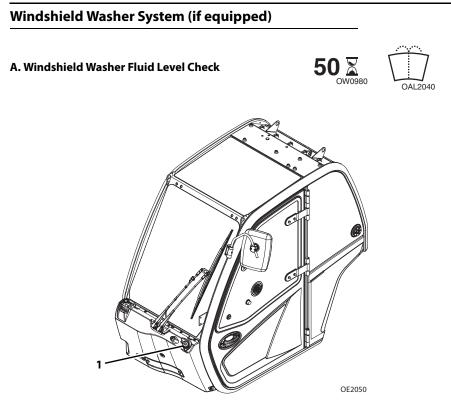
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- 1. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 2. Check the brake fluid level (1). Fluid should be between Max and Min (2) marks on brake reservoir.
- 3. If fluid is low, remove the product from service. See Service Manual for information.

Engine Cooling System

- 1. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 2. Open engine cover.
- 3. Check coolant level in surge tank (3). Coolant should be between Full and Add (4) marks on surge tank.
- 4. If coolant is low, allow fluid to cool.
- 5. Remove surge tank cap (5) slowly. Add coolant as required.
- 6. Replace surge tank cap.
- 7. Close and secure engine cover.

Note: When filling coolant, maximum fill rate is 2.5 gallon per minute (9,5 liter per minute).

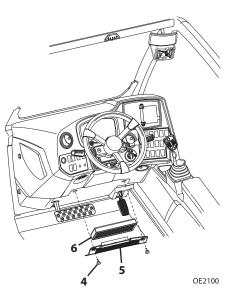


- 1. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 2. Remove reservoir cap (1).
- 3. Windshield washer fluid should be visible in the reservoir.
- 4. If washer fluid level is low, add fluid as needed.
- 5. Replace reservoir cap.

Cab Air Filters (if equipped)

A. Cab Air Filters Check

- 1. Perform "Shut-Down Procedure" on page 4-5.
- 2. Remove two thumb screws (1) and panel (2) from front of cab.
- 3. Remove filter (3) and inspect.
- 4. If filter is not damaged, clean and place back under dash. If damaged, replace filter.
- 5. Replace panel on front of cab and secure with thumb screws.



- 6. Remove two thumb screws (4) and panel (5) from under dash.
- 7. Remove cab air filter (6) and inspect.
- 8. If filter is not damaged, clean and place back under dash. If damaged, replace filter.
- 9. Replace panel and secure with thumb screws.

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SECTION 8 - ADDITIONAL CHECKS

8.1 GENERAL

If any of the following test results cannot be achieved, the system is not functioning properly and the machine must be removed from service and repaired before continued operation.

8.2 REVERSE SENSING SYSTEM (IF EQUIPPED)

A. Reverse Sensing System Check



Reverse Sensing System provides audible indication of objects to rear of unit while in reverse gear.

- 1. Clear all people and/or obstacles behind machine before performing Reverse Sensing System check.
- 2. Start machine and depress and hold brake. Place machine in reverse gear.
- 3. Verify alarm sounds upon system start up.

Note: Reverse Sensing System detects objects of size more than 36 square inches (232.25 square centimeters) area and is functional when machine is moving in reverse direction.

Note: The use of a construction cone or similar object must be used to test the Reverse Sensing System.



CRUSH HAZARD. Do not use a person to test the reverse sensing system.

- 4. Verify operation with no objects in detection zone. No audible alarm.
- 5. Verify operation when object is in range of approximately 9 to 15 ft (2.7 to 4.5 m). Produces pulsing audible alarm at a frequency of one per second (1 Hz).
- Verify operation when object is in range of approximately 7 to 9 ft (2.1 to 2.7 m). Produces pulsing audible alarm. Produces pulsing audible alarm at a frequency of two per second (2 Hz).
- 7. Verify operation when object is range of approximately 5 to 7 ft (1.5 to 2.1 m) Produces pulsing audible alarm at a frequency of four per second (4 Hz).
- 8. Verify operation when object is under approximately 5 ft (1.5 m) from machine. Produces pulsing audible alarm at a frequency of eight per second (8 Hz).

8.3 AIR SHUTOFF VALVE (ASOV) (IF EQUIPPED)

A. Air Shutoff Valve Test



Air Shutoff Valve (ASOV) is an overspeed protection device mounted to the engine's air intake system. When the valve is actuated, it obstructs airflow intake and stops the engine. Weekly tests are recommended to ensure the valve remains in good working condition.

- 1. Start the engine, running at idle.
- 2. Open the red switch guard of ASOV test switch, then activate toggle to test mode (see page 3-2).
- 3. Rev the engine in neutral until the valve actuates at the test RPM of 1500. Once valve actuates, engine will stop.
- 4. Turn ignition to OFF.
- 5. Visually inspect valve to ensure it appears in good condition.
- 6. Reset valve by rotating valve handle to the Open position.

Note: The handle cannot be turned unless the machine is off. Ensure the ignition is moved to the OFF position.

WARNING

Do not use ASOV as an alternative to shutting down machine properly.

SECTION 9 - SPECIFICATIONS

9.1 PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Fluids

If Equipped for ULS

Compartment or		Viscosities Ambient Temperature Viscosities °F °C		ature		
System	Type and Classification			٥	°C	
			Min Max		Min	Max
		SAE 5W-40	-13	115	-25	46
	API CJ-4	SAE 15W-40	15	115	-9	46
Engine Crankcase	CES-20081	SAE 10W-30	10	104	-12	40
	Fully Synthetic*	SAE 5W-30	-13	104	-25	40
		SAE 0W-30	-40	104	-40	40
- · · ·	Mobilfluid 424	10W-30	0	115	-20	46
Transmission and Transfer Case	Mobilfluid LT	75W-80	-40	14	-40	-10
Hansier case	Refer to ZF	TE-ML-03 for additional fluids.				
Axle Differential		80W-90 LS	-4	115	-20	46
and	API GL5 with LS Additives	85W-90 LS	-4	115	-20	46
Wheel End	LS Additives	75W-90 LS	-40	115	-40	46
Hydraulic System	Mobilfluid 424	10W-30	6	115	-15	46
Hydraulic System	Exxon Univis HVI		-40	100	-40	40
Boom Wear Pad Grease	Extreme Pressure Grease	NLGI Grade 000	-31	122	-35	50
Grease Fittings	Extreme Pressure Grease	NLGI Grade 2 EP or NLGI Grade 3 EP with Moly Additive	5	122	-15	50
Boom Chain Lubricant	Gear Oil	80W-90	-40	115	-40	46
Engine Coolant	Ethylene Glycol	50/50 Mix Standard				
	and Water	60/40 Mix		Cold W	/eathei	r
Fuel	EN590 ASTM D 975 Grade 1-D ASTM D 975 Grade 2-D (Maximum B5 Biodiesel)	Ultra Low Sulfur (S ≤ 15 mg/kg)				

Section 9- Specifications

Compartment or		Ambient Tempera Range			ture	
System	Type and Classification	Viscosities	°F		°C	
			Min	Max	Min	Max
Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) (110 or 130HP)	ISO22241-1	32.5%Urea				
Brake Fluid	Mobil ATF-D/M		-40	115	-40	46
Air Conditioning	Refrigerant R-134-a	Tetrafluoroethane				

*See Note on page 7-6 for details.

If Equipped for LS

Compartment or	Turne and Classification	Viscositios	Ambient Temperature Range °F °C Min Max Min Max		ature		
System	Type and Classification	viscosities			Viscosities °F	°C	
					Min	Мах	
		SAE 5W-40	-13	115	-25	46	
		SAE 15W-40	15	115	-9	46	
Engine Crankcase	API CI-4 CES-20078	SAE 10W-30	10	104	-12	40	
	CE5 20070	SAE 5W-30	-13	104	-25	40	
		SAE 0W-30	-40	104	-40	40	
- · · ·	Mobilfluid 424	10W-30	0	115	-20	46	
Transmission and Transfer Case	Mobilfluid LT	75W-80	-40	14	-40	-10	
Transfer Case	Refer to ZF	TE-ML-03 for addi	tional	fluids.			
Axle Differential		80W-90 LS	-4	115	-20	46	
and	API GL5 with LS Additives	85W-90 LS	-4	115	-20	46	
Wheel End	L5 Additives	75W-90 LS	-40	115	-40	46	
Hudraulic System	Mobilfluid 424	10W-30	6	115	-15	46	
Hydraulic System	Exxon Univis HVI		-40	100	-40	40	
Boom Wear Pad Grease	Extreme Pressure Grease	NLGI Grade 000	-31	122	-35	50	
Grease Fittings	Extreme Pressure Grease	NLGI Grade 2 EP or NLGI Grade 3 EP with Moly Additive	5	122	-15	50	
Boom Chain Lubricant	Gear Oil	80W-90	-40	115	-40	46	
Engine Coolant	Ethylene Glycol	50/50 Mix	Standard				
Engine Coolant	and Water	60/40 Mix		Cold W	/eathei	r	
Fuel	EN590 ASTM D 975 Grade 1-D ASTM D 975 Grade 2-D (Maximum B5 Biodiesel)	Low Sulfur (S ≤ 500 mg/kg)					
Brake Fluid	Mobil ATF-D/M	-40 115 -40		46			
Air Conditioning	Refrigerant R-134-a	Tetrafluoroethane					

Section 9- Specifications

Capacities

-	
Engine Crankcase Oil	
Capacity with Filter Change	14 qt (13,2 L)
Fuel Tank	
Capacity	38.3 gal (145 L)
Diesel Exhaust Fluid Tank (if equipped for ULS/110 or 130HP)	
Capacity	5.7 gal (21,5 L)
Cooling System	
System Capacity	5.2 gal (19,7 L)
Hydraulic System	
System Capacity	
642	
No Outriggers	-
With Outriggers	-
742	-
943	46.5 gal (176 L)
1043	J
1055	-
1255	49.9 gal (189 L)
Reservoir Capacity to Full Mark	23.8 gal (90 L)
Transmission System	
Capacity including Cooler and Lines	18 qt (17,0 L)
Capacity with Filter Change	14 qt (13,2 L)
Transfer Case	
Capacity	
	1 = 1 + (1 + 1)

 642, 742, 943, 1043	15 at (141)
1055, 1255		
1055, 1255	1.0 qt (1,3 L)

Axles

642, 742	
Differential Housing Capacity	
Front	7.6 qt (7,2 L)
Rear	
Wheel End Capacity	
Front	1.2 qt (1,1 L)
Rear	
943, 1043	
Differential Housing Capacity	
Front	13.2 qt (12,5 L)
Rear	
Wheel End Capacity	
Front	1.7 qt (1,6 L)
Rear	1.7 qt (1,6 L)
1055, 1255	
Differential Housing Capacity	
Front	
Rear	14 qt (13,3 L)
Wheel End Capacity	
Front	1.5 qt (1,4 L)
Rear	1.5 qt (1,4 L)
Air Conditioning System (if equipped)	
System Capacity	2.6 lb (1,2 kg)
Brake Fluid	
Capacity	1 qt (1,0 L)

Tires

	370/75-28, 14 Ply
	Pneumatic
Approx 464 lb (210 kg)	Foam
	13.00-24 16PR
80 psi (5,52 bar)	Pneumatic
	13.00–24 12PR
Approx 542 lb (246 kg)	Foam

370/75-28, 14 Ply	
Pneumatic	
Pneumatic, Non Marking	
Foam	Approx 464 lb (210 kg)
13.00–24 16PR	
Pneumatic	
13.00–24 12PR	
Foam	Approx 542 lb (246 kg)

370/75-28, 14 Ply	
Pneumatic	
Pneumatic, Non Marking	
Foam	Approx 464 lb (210 kg)
14.00–24 16PR	
Pneumatic	80 psi (5,52 bar)
14.00–24 12PR	
Foam	Approx 720 lb (327 kg)

	400/75-28, 16 Ply
	Pneumatic
Approx 570 lb (259 kg)	Foam
	14.00-24 16PR
	Pneumatic
	14.00-24 12PR
Approx 720 lb (327 kg)	Foam

	400/75-28, 16 Ply
	Pneumatic
Approx 570 lb (259 kg)	Foam
	14.00-24 16PR
	Pneumatic
	14.00–24 12PR
Approx 720 lb (327 kg)	Foam

Wheel Lug Nut

Performance

Maximum Lift Capacity	
642	6,600 lb (2994 kg)
742	7,000 lb (3175 kg)
943	
1043, 1055	
1255	
Maximum Lift Height	
642, 742	
943, 1043	43 ft (13,1 m)
1055, 1255	
Capacity at Maximum Height	
642	
Outriggers Engaged	
Outriggers Not Engaged	0 lb (0 kg)
742	
943	7,000 lb (3175 kg)
1043	7,000 lb (3175 kg)
1055	
Outriggers Engaged	5,000 lb (2268 kg)
Outriggers Not Engaged	0 lb (0 kg)
1255	
Outriggers Engaged	
Outriggers Not Engaged	0 lb (0 kg)
Maximum Forward Reach	
642, 742	29 ft (8,8 m)
943, 1043	30.5 ft (9,3 m)
1055	
Outriggers Engaged	
Outriggers Not Engaged	
1255	
Outriggers Engaged	42 ft (12,8 m)
Outriggers Not Engaged	

Capacity at Maximum Forward Reach	
642	
No Outriggers	1,000 lb (454 kg)
With Outriggers	
Outriggers Engaged	
Outriggers Not Engaged	(J,
742	
943	1,200 lb (544 kg)
1043	
Outriggers Engaged	
Outriggers Not Engaged	0 lb (0 kg)
1055	
Outriggers Engaged	
Outriggers Not Engaged	0 lb (0 kg)
1255	
Outriggers Engaged	, (J ,
Outriggers Not Engaged	0 lb (0 kg)
Reach at Maximum Height	
642, 742	
943	, , ,
1043	. ,
1055, 1255	
Auxiliary Hydraulic Circuit Max Flow	
642, 742	
943, 1043, 1055, 1255	51 1 1
,,,	
Maximum Travel Speed (see note)	
642	
742	
110HP	20 mph (32 kph)
74HP	18.4 mph (29.6 kph)
943	
110HP	19 mph (29.9 kph)
74HP	17.6 mph (28.3 kph)
1043	19 mph (29.9 kph)
1055, 1255	20 mph (32 kph)
Hitch Capacity (no load on attachment)	
642	
642 742	7,000 lb (3175 kg)
642 742 943	7,000 lb (3175 kg) 9,000 lb (4082 kg)
642 742 943 1043, 1055	7,000 lb (3175 kg) 9,000 lb (4082 kg)
642 742 943	7,000 lb (3175 kg) 9,000 lb (4082 kg)

Section 9- Specifications

Maximum Travel Grade (boom in travel position)	
Gradeability	24 degrees (45%)
Side Slope	5 degrees (8.75%)

Note: Refer to machine specific documents and/or plates for local governmental requirements and/or restrictions.

Dimensions

Note: Values will vary depending on machine configuration.

Maximum Overall Height	
642, 742	
943	
1043	
1055, 1255	
Maximum Overall Width	
642, 943	
No Outriggers	
With Outriggers	
Outriggers Engaged	
Outriggers Not Engaged	
742	
1043	
Outriggers Engaged	
Outriggers Not Engaged	
1055, 1255	
Outriggers Engaged	
Outriggers Not Engaged	
Maximum Track Width	84 in (2140 mm)
Wheelbase	
642, 742, 943, 1043	135 in (3430 mm)
1055, 1255	
· , · · ······	
Length at Front Wheels	
642, 742, 943, 1043	192 in (4877 mm)
1055, 1255	200 in (5086 mm)
Overall Length (no forks)	
642, 742	227 in (5774 mm)
943, 1043	, , ,
1055, 1255	· · · · ·
Ground Clearance	
642, 742, 943	· · ·
1043	18 in (447 mm)
1055, 1255	18 in (457 mm)
Turn Radius - Over Tires	
642, 742, 943, 1043	
1055, 1255	

Section 9- Specifications

Turn Radius - Curb to Curb	
642, 742	
943, 1043	139 in (3531 mm)
1055, 1255	168 in (4267 mm)

Maximum Operating Weight (no attachment)

042	
No Outriggers	
742	
943	
1043	
1055	
1255	

Distribution of Maximum Operating Weight

(no attachment, boom level and fully retracted)

Front Axle

642	
No Outriggers	10,807 lb (4902 kg)
With Outriggers	12,681 lb (5752 kg)
742	10,807 lb (4902 kg)
943	12,921 lb (5861 kg)
1043	14,409 lb (6536 kg)
1055	16,454 lb (7464 kg)
1255	17,537 lb (7955 kg)
Rear Axle	
642	
No Outriggers	12,787 lb (5800 kg)
With Outriggers	12,103 lb (5490 kg)
742	12,787 lb (5800 kg)
943	14,698 lb (6667 kg)
1043	14,326 lb (6498 kg)
1055	
1255	18,999 lb (8622 kg)

		•
Maximum 642	n Ground Bearing Pressure	
• •=	utriggers (if equipped)	
	res	
11		
	370/75-28, 14 Ply	
		129 lb/in² (9,1 kg/cm²)
	13.00–24 16PR	
	Pneumatic	
	13.00–24 12PR	
	Foam	
	315/95-28/8.50 Solid	
742		_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	res	
11		
	370/75-28, 14 Ply	112 lb (in ² / 7 0 lost / m ²)
		129 lb/in² (9,1 kg/cm²)
	13.00–24 16PR	
	Pneumatic	
	13.00–24 12PR	
	Foam	158 lb/in ² (11,1 kg/cm ²)
	315/95-28/8.50 Solid	
	13.00-24 Solid	
943		
	res	
	370/75-28, 14 Ply	
		131 lb/ln (9,2 kg/cm)
	14.00–24 16PR	
		136 lb/in² (9,6 kg/cm²)
	14.00–24 12PR	
		163 lb/in² (11,5 kg/cm²)
	315/95-28/8.50 Solid	
	13.00-24 Solid	
1043		_
0	utriggers	
	res	
	400/75-28, 16 Ply	
	14.00–24 16PR	
		137 lb/in² (9,6 kg/cm²)
	14.00–24 12PR	
	Foam	
	360/85-28/10.00 Solid	
		····· (·······························

Section 9- Specifications

1055	
Outriggers	/cm²)
Tires	
400/75-28, 16 Ply	
Pneumatic	/cm²)
Foam 128 lb/in ² (9,0 kg	/cm²)
14.00–24 16PR	
Pneumatic	/cm²)
14.00–24 12PR	
Foam165 lb/in ² (11,6 kg	/cm²)
360/85-28/10.00 Solid	/cm²)
14.00-24 Solid	/cm²)
1255	
Outriggers148 lb/in ² (10,4 kg	/cm²)
Tires	
400/75-28, 16 Ply	
Pneumatic	
Foam 129 lb/in² (9,0 kg	/cm²)
17.50–25 16PR	
Pneumatic	/cm²)
17.50–25 12PR	
Foam 120 lb/in² (8,4 kg	
360/85-28/10.00 Solid	
14.00-24 Solid248 lb/in² (17,4 kg	/cm²)

Α

Accessory Control Lever
Additional Checks8-1
Adjusting/Moving Forks 5-19
After-Treatment System4-6
Air Cleaner7-20
Air Conditioning System9-5
Air Shutoff Valve Test8-2
Approved Attachments5-1
Attachment Installation Hydraulic Coupler5-17
Mechanical Coupler
Attachment Operation5-20
Attachments5-1 JLG Supplied5-8
Automatic Exhaust System
Cleaning (In-Mission)4-6
Auxiliary Hydraulic Decompression 5-18
Axles9-5

В

Battery Boosted Starting	4-3
Boom Indicator	
Angle	
Extension	3-26
Boom Mounted Lifting Lug	5-64
Boom Ride Control	
Brake Fluid	7-27, 9-5
Bucket	5-42
Bucket - Fork Mounted	5-46

С

Cab Air Filters	0
Capacity	0
Capacity Chart Example 5-1 Sample 5-1	
Capacity Indicator Locations	1
Carriage w/Forks 5-2	1
Chemical Hazards1-1	4
Controls3-	-2
Coolant Level7-2	8
Cooling System9-	4
Coupler Mounted Hook 5-5	0

D

DEF Tank	9-4
Dimensions	9-11
Disengaging a Load	4-10
Disengaging a Suspended Load	4-13
Driving Hazards on Slopes	1-10
Dual Fork Positioning Carriage	5-32

Е

Electrical Hazards	1-2
Emergency Exit from Enclosed Cab	6-3
Emergency Lowering of Boom	6-2
Emergency Procedures	6-1
Engine	
Extreme Cold Weather Starting	4-2
Normal Operation	4-4
Starting	4-1
Engine Crankcase Oil	9-4
Engine Oil Level	7-19
Exit	6-3

Index

F

1-13
9-1
9-4
5-40
5-52
7-16
9-4
7-17

G

General Maintenance	7-2
Grapple Bucket	5-44

Н

Hazard Classification System1-	1
Hydraulic Oil Level7-2	6
Hydraulic System9-	4
I	

Ignition	3-14
Instrument Panel	3-4

J

L

Leveling Procedure	4-9, 4-12
Lifting Personnel	1-9
Load Falling Hazard	1-8
Lubrication and Maintenance	7-1
Lubrication Schedule Every 1000 Hours Every 250 Hours Every 50 Hours	7-10

М

Maintenance Schedule	
Every 10 Hours	7-3
Every 1000 Hours	7-6
Every 1500 Hours	7-6
Every 2000 Hours	.7-7
Every 250 Hours	
Every 4000 Hours	.7-7
Every 50 Hours	7-4
Every 500 Hours	.7-5
Every 5000 Hours	.7-7
Every 750 Hours	7-5
First 250 Hours	.7-4
First 50 Hours	.7-3
First 500 Hours	.7-5
Mast Carriage	5-34
Material Handling Arm	5-58
Multifunction Display	3-29

0

Operating with a Non-Suspended Load4	-7, 4-8
Operating with a Suspended Load	4-11
Operational Check	2-19
Operator Cab	2-20
Operator Maintenance Instructions	7-14
Operator Seat	3-24
Adjustments	3-24
Outrigger Levers	3-19

Ρ

Park Brake	-15
Parking Procedure	-15
Performance	9-8
Personnel Work Platform - Fork	
Mounted	-60
Picking Up a Load	4-8
Picking Up a Suspended Load4	-11
Pinch Points and Crush Hazards1	-11
Pipe Grapple5	-38
Placing a Load4	-10
Placing a Suspended Load4	-13
Pre-Operation Check and Inspection	2-2

R

Rear Axle Stabilization (RAS)	3-28
Reverse Sensing System	3-27
Check	8-1
Reversing Camera	3-27

S

Safety Practices1	-1
Safety Signal Words1	-1
Seat Belt 3-	25
Shut-Down Procedure	- 5
Side Shift Carriage5-	22
Side Tilt Carriage5-	24
Side Tilt Mast Carriage5-	36
Specifications	€-1
Stationary Exhaust System Cleaning (Non-Mission)4	1-7
Steering Alignment Mode Manual 3-	23
Sweeper5-	62
Swing Carriage5-	26

Т

Tip Over Hazard	1-4
Tires7-22	, 9-6
Air Pressure	
Damage	
Replacement	7-22
Towing	
Transfer Case	9-4
Transmission Control	
Direction of Travel	3-16
Gear Selection	3-17
Transmission Declutch	3-21
Transmission Oil Level	7-24
Transmission System	9-4
Transport	
Lifting	4-15
Tie Down	4-14
Transporting a Load	4-9
Transporting a Suspended Load	4-12
Trash Hopper - Fork Mounted	5-48
Travel Hazard	1-7
Truss Boom	5-54
Truss Boom, Adjustable	5-56

w

Warm-Up Check	2-19
Wheel Installation	7-23
Wheel Lug Nut	9-7
Wheel Replacement	7-22
Windshield Washer Fluid Level	7-29

Serial Number_____

Date	Comments

Date	Comments





To Product Owner:

If you now own but ARE NOT the original purchaser of the product covered by this manual, we would like to know who you are. For the purpose of receiving safety-related bulletins, it is very important to keep JLG Industries, Inc. updated with the current ownership of all JLG products. JLG maintains owner information for each JLG product and uses this information in cases where owner notification is necessary.

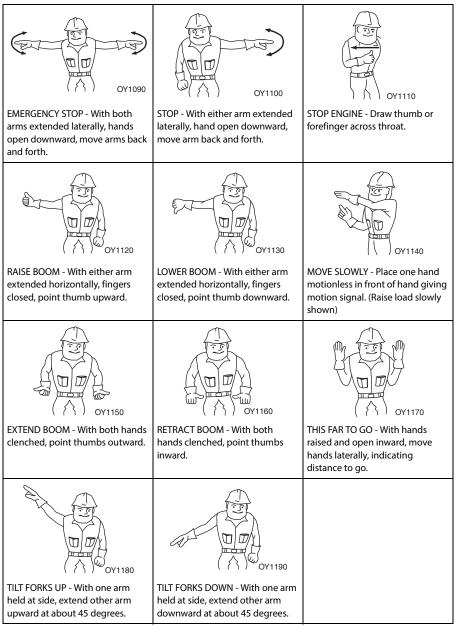
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Thank You, Product Safety & Reliability Department JLG Industries, Inc. 13224 Fountainhead Plaza Hagerstown, MD 21742 USA Telephone: +1-717-485-6591 Fax: +1-301-745-3713

NOTE: Leased or rented units should not be included on this form.

Mfg. Model:		
Serial Number:		
Previous Owner:		
Address:		
Country:	Telephone:	
Date of Transfer:		
Current Owner:		
Address:		
	Telephone:	
Who in your organization s	should we notify?	
Name:		
Title:		

Hand Signals



Special Signals - When signals for auxiliary equipment functions or conditions not covered are required, they shall be agreed upon in advance by the operator and signalman.



An Oshkosh Corporation Company

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